



PARLIAMENT OF MONTENEGRO



PERFORMANCE REPORT

2010



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FOREWORD BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PARLIAMENT OF MONTENEGRO

DEAR CITIZENS OF MONTENEGRO,

The text in front of you is the Performance Report on the work of the 24th Convocation of the Montenegrin Parliament, in the period 1 January 2010 – 1 January 2011. Like every single year, the Parliament of Montenegro publishes an annual report, guided by the principle of full transparency of its work, with the aim of informing the public about the results of our activities and challenges that stand ahead of us, waiting for the suggestions and guidelines for our further work from your side.

During 2010 the Parliament of Montenegro adopted 154 laws that represent an increase of about 87 percent in comparison to 2009. The amendments to the existing and the enactment of the new general laws were completed, which stamped this reporting period with a very intensive legislative activity. Very dynamic legislative activity of the Parliament of Montenegro is conditioned by the need of fulfilling goals related to harmonization of our legislation with international standards and the EU Acquis Communautaire.

Harmonization of the legislation with the Acquis Communautaire is an important segment of the overall process of European integration of Montenegro in general. The State of Montenegro, and therefore its Parliament, will in the framework of the intensification of European integration, dedicate special attention to fulfilling the recommendations given by the European Commission in its Opinion on Montenegro's Application for Membership of the European Union in the next year, and which stand as the condition for the start of the accession negotiations with the EU. The Parliament of Montenegro, shortly after the publication of the Opinion of the European Commission, approached to the drafting of the Action Plan for Strengthening of the Legislative and Oversight Role of the Parliament, in order to properly respond to the responsibilities standing in front of it in the period up to November 2011, when it is expected to receive recommendations for initiation of negotiations with the EU.

The Parliament of Montenegro has continued the trend of intensifying the work in committees, which have already become the focus of parliamentary activity in the process of reviewing the proposals of laws and regulations, which again resulted in higher quality and efficiency of the overall parliamentary work. An important feature of the Parliament of the 24th Convocation is further strengthening of the control function through various mechanisms, including increased number of control and consultative hearings.

Additional progress has been made in the planning of sessions of the Parliament and its committees, as much as it was possible, given the number of proposals for laws sent to the Parliament, as well as spatial constraints in the building of the Parliament.

In accordance with the recommendations related to improving of the transparency of the Parliament and its committees, a significant step forward has been made by introducing livestreaming, i.e. live broadcast of the plenary sessions and some of the meetings of committees, which enables direct access to the work of the Parliament and its working bodies. New web portal of the Parliament daily contributes to the achievement of this goal, through which everyone interested can find information about the work of the legislative branch and its representatives.

The adoption of the Law on Amendments to the Law on Budget and the Law on Amendments to the Law on Civil Servants and Employees in July 2010 was very significant to the improvement of the efficiency of the Parliament and the achievement of conditions for the exercise of its constitutional functions. With the adoption of these amendments, the Parliament has promoted two very important elements necessary for the smooth functioning of the legislative branch of government: financial and administrative autonomy.

The new Rulebook on Organisation and Systematisation of the Service of the Parliament was also adopted in July 2010, with the aim of strengthening the Service of the Parliament, so it would be better prepared in terms of organization and human resources, in order to give more professional and quality support to MPs, especially given the increasingly important role of the Parliament in the European integration of the country. Great attention has been paid to human resources development and professional training of the Service of the Parliament, through various forms of trainings.

The Parliament has intensified its activities on the international level, which demonstrated its commitment to parliamentary diplomacy, as an instrument through which it seeks the establishment of closer inter-parliamentary cooperation.

One of certainly most important activities in that context was the adoption of the Decision on the Appointment of Members to the EU-Parliament of Montenegro Stabilisation and Association Parliamentary Committee that the Collegium of the Presidnet has adopted after the entry into force of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Communities and Montenegro.

Numerous visits and meetings of the representatives of the Parliament of Montenegro with delegations and officials have been arranged during the reporting period, as part of bilateral cooperation with other states and parliaments, as well as with the representatives of international organizations.

The Parliament has become member of the Euro-Mediterranean Parliamentary Assembly (EMPA) in March 2010, the Parliamentary Dimension of the Union for the Mediterranean. With its membership in this association, the Parliament of Montenegro continues to fulfill its European commitments, bearing in mind that the Union for the Mediterranean is an important framework for cooperation among EU Member States and Mediterranean states.

The evaluation of the European Commission, contained in the Progress Report, which states that "there have been significant improvements in the functioning of the Parliament" and, de facto, continuous intensification of the legislative activities of the Parliament and strengthening of its scrutiny capacity, have been great encouragement and stimulus for us all.

Statements from the Analytical Report of the European Commission on the existence of "strong commitment to the improvement of Parliamentary Service," is a great recognition, but the responsibility for us as well to continue this practice in the future.

Yours truly,

Ranko Krivokapić

I INTRODUCTION

The Report on the work of the Parliament of Montenegro contains detailed information on conducted legislative and control activities, public work, parliamentary cooperation, as well as other activities of importance to the work of this institution. With its publication, the Parliament continues the practice of presenting relevant information of its work to expert and general audience.

The Report is divided into several chapters, as for the better presentation of collected information and data. These chapters include the following:

- ▶ Basic information of the Parliament
- ▶ Sessions of the Parliament
- ▶ Work of the working bodies of the Parliament
- ▶ Parliamentary cooperation
- ▶ Public work of the Parliament
- ▶ Expert, administrative and technical support
- ▶ Finance

The annexes of this Report contain: the list of adopted laws, important international activities, tables with data of submitted requests for the free access to information, with dates and responses given, Parliamentary Service Organization Chart, chronological review of conducted trainings and specialisation and report on funds spent.

2010 in figures

- ▶ 152 laws and two constitutional acts adopted.
- ▶ 21 sessions of the Parliaments held, with the duration of 322 hours.
- ▶ 203 items of the agenda discussed on the sessions of the Parliament.
- ▶ 1562 amendments discussed on the committee meetings and 879 amendments on the sessions of the Parliament.
- ▶ 246 parliamentary questions posed.
- ▶ Over 4000 pages of transcripts of the sessions of the Parliament.
- ▶ 221 meetings of the committees held, with the duration of 492 hours.
- ▶ 848 items of the agenda of committee meetings discussed.
- ▶ 13 consultative and two control hearings held.
- ▶ 985 pieces of information and 2320 photos posted on the News page of the Parliamentary Website.
- ▶ 270 hours of programme produced.
- ▶ 8 281 visits from 35 countries made to live streaming page of the Parliamentary Website, since the introduction of the service in June.
- ▶ 222 annual accreditations for journalists and cameraperson/photographers from 22 electronic and print media provided.
- ▶ 104 requests for the free access to information responded, including 427 items.

The collecting of presented information was done by the employees of all of the organisational units of the Parliament, in accordance with their competencies. Minutes and reports from the Parliament and committee sessions, monthly performance reports, business travel reports were used as sources, as well as official records kept at the organisational units on different issues. The information in the form of the report was done by the Office of the Secretary General, in co-operation with Department for Research, Analysis, Library and Document Management, and Department for Public Relations, International Relations and Protocol.

2010 in brief

- ▶ First Meeting of the EU- Montenegro Stabilisation and Association Parliamentary Committee held in September in Brussels.
- ▶ The Parliament adopted the Decision on Amendments and Supplements to the Rules of Procedure of the Parliament of Montenegro in December, which enabled the increase in the number of employees working in MPs Clubs, for more direct professional support to MPs.
- ▶ The Parliament started with the live broadcasting of the plenary sittings, using its own capacities.
- ▶ The new Rulebook on Organisation and Systematisation of the Service of the Parliament adopted, with the aim of faster and better response to current and future needs and requirements, through the merging of certain organizational units, systematisation of new job posts and elimination of previous ones.
- ▶ The Collegium of the President of the Parliament adopted the Action Plan for Strengthening of the Legislative and Oversight Role of the Parliament of Montenegro for the period December 2010 – November 2011, with a series of measures and activities aimed at strengthening the legislative and oversight role of the Parliament, that relate to the adoption of laws and regulations, improvement of efficiency, strengthening of administrative and financial capacities and further progress of transparency and openness.
- ▶ New Rules on Document Management in the Parliament adopted, which precisely regulate all procedures related to receiving mail, mail form, filing, sorting and scheduling of materials and documents, their records, forwarding, archiving and preservation until the handover to the Archives Department of the Parliament.
- ▶ New Classification Plan According to Content adopted, that has been formally applied since 1 January 2011, but its trial application started in 2010. The Plan enables precise classification of all documents received by the Registry Office, for their further efficient archiving and use.
- ▶ The Parliament of Montenegro received Licences for the translation and use of Eurovoc Thesaurus from authorized Publications Office of the European Union that is the multidisciplinary, multilingual glossary covering all activities of the EU, in particular the European Parliament, and containing terms in 22 languages of EU Member States, as well as Croatian and Serbian.
- ▶ Human Resources Strategy Draft defined, aimed at strengthening the administrative capacity of the Parliament.
- ▶ The publication of News from the EU Institutions started, that contains translated news from the official websites of EU Institutions.

II BASIC INFORMATION

2.1. MEMBERS OF THE PARLIAMENT

The elections for this Convocation of the Parliament have been the first elections since the adoption of the new Constitution. They were held in March 2009, and this Convocation was constituted in April 2009. It consists of 81 Members of the Parliament of 10 political parties and one Group of citizens.

► Meeting of the Administrative Committee



THE LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE PARLIAMENT WITH CHANGES IN THE COMPOSITION DURING 2010

1. Ranko Krivokapić - Social-Democratic Party
2. Željko Šturanović – Democratic Party of Socialists
3. Rifat Rastoder - Social-Democratic Party
4. Predrag Sekulić, MSc until 29 December 2010 (resignation) - Democratic Party of Socialists
5. Melvudin Meco Nuhodžić - Democratic Party of Socialists
6. Miodrag Vuković, PhD - Democratic Party of Socialists
7. Dr Miomir Mugoša - Democratic Party of Socialists
8. Dragan Đurović - Democratic Party of Socialists
9. Tarzan Milošević, until 29 December 2010 (resignation) - Democratic Party of Socialists
10. Božidar Vuksanović, MSc - Democratic Party of Socialists
11. Zoran Gospić - Democratic Party of Socialists
12. Radivoje-Lala Nikčević - Democratic Party of Socialists
13. Šefkija Murić - Democratic Party of Socialists

14. Zoran Bošnjak, PhD - Democratic Party of Socialists
15. Nada Drobnjak - Democratic Party of Socialists
16. Aleksandar Bogdanović - Democratic Party of Socialists
17. Ljerka Dragičević – Croatian Civic Initiative
18. Luid Škrelja - Democratic Party of Socialists
19. Zoran Ćulafić, PhD - Democratic Party of Socialists
20. Dr Fahrudin Hadrović - Democratic Party of Socialists
21. Željko Aprcović - Democratic Party of Socialists
22. Obrad Mišo Stanišić - Democratic Party of Socialists
23. Dr Zoran Srzentić - Democratic Party of Socialists
24. Veljko Zarubica - Democratic Party of Socialists
25. Dr Halil Duković - Democratic Party of Socialists
26. Zarija Franović, MSc - Democratic Party of Socialists
27. Đorđe Pinjatić, MSc - Democratic Party of Socialists
28. Milorad Vuletić - Democratic Party of Socialists
29. Branka Tanasijević, MSc - Democratic Party of Socialists
30. Branko Čavor - Democratic Party of Socialists
31. Husnija Šabović - Democratic Party of Socialists
32. Vladan Vučelić - Democratic Party of Socialists
33. Drago Čanrić - Democratic Party of Socialists
34. Zoran Jelić - Democratic Party of Socialists
35. Valentina Radulović-Šćepanović - Democratic Party of Socialists
36. Radoica Luburić, MSc untill 1 December 2010 (resignation)
Milutin Simović, MSc since 29 December 2010 - Democratic Party of Socialists
37. Dragan Kujović - untill 1 May 2010 (deceased)
Maida Bešlić, since 15 June 2010 - Democratic Party of Socialists
38. Radoje Žugić, MSc untill 14 October 2010 (resignation) - Democratic Party of Socialists
Zoran Vukčević, since 26 October 2010 - Democratic Party of Socialists
39. Džavid Šabović - Social-Democratic Party
40. Borislav Banović - Social-Democratic Party
41. Ervin Spahić - Social-Democratic Party
42. Raško Konjević, MSc - Social-Democratic Party
43. Damir Šehović, MSc - Social-Democratic Party
44. Mićo Orlandić - Social-Democratic Party
45. Hidajeta Bajramspahić - Social-Democratic Party
46. Dr Amer Halilović – Bosniak Party
47. Kemal Purišić - Bosniak Party
48. Suljo Mustafić - Bosniak Party
49. Neven Gošović – Socialist People's Party
50. Vasilije Lalošević - Socialist People's Party
51. Snežana Jonica - Socialist People's Party
52. Aleksandar Damjanović, MSc - Socialist People's Party
53. Predrag Bulatović - Socialist People's Party
54. Svetozar Golubović, PhD - Socialist People's Party
55. Dr Miloje Pupović - Socialist People's Party
56. Nataša Vuković - Socialist People's Party
57. Veselinka Peković - Socialist People's Party
58. Obrad Gojković - Socialist People's Party

**Structure of the Members
of the Parliament**

AGE	NUMBER
20 - 30	2
31 - 40	9
41 - 50	24
51 - 60	41
61 - 70	2
TOTAL	78
DEGREE OF EDUCATION	NUMBER
Doctor	15
Master's degree	9
Bachelor's degree	51
College	2
High school	1
TOTAL	78

59. Milan Knežević - Socialist People's Party
60. Dobrica Šljivančanin - Socialist People's Party
61. Srđan Milić, untill 2 March 2010 - (resignation)
Dragoslav Šćekić, since 2 March 2010 - Socialist People's Party
62. Dr Milorad Bakić, untill 2 March 2010 – (resignation)
Velizar Kaluđerović, since 2 March 2010 - Socialist People's Party
63. Dr Srđa Božović, PhD untill 2 November 2010 – (resignation) - Socialist People's Party
64. Milisav Ćorić, untill 7 April 2010 – (resignation)
Dr Radosav Nišavić, since 7 April 2010 - Socialist People's Party
65. Andrija Mandić – New Serb Democracy
66. Goran Danilović - New Serb Democracy
67. Slaven Radunović - New Serb Democracy
68. Dr Novica Stanić - New Serb Democracy
69. Budimir Aleksić, MSc - New Serb Democracy
70. Emilo Labudović - New Serb Democracy
71. Strahinja Bulajić, PhD - New Serb Democracy
72. Radojica Živković - New Serb Democracy
73. Nebojša Medojević – Movement for Changes
74. Branko Radulović, PhD - Movement for Changes
75. Dr Dušanka Džakula Tušup - Movement for Changes
76. Koča Pavlović - Movement for Changes
77. Srđan Brajović - Movement for Changes
78. Mehmet Zenka – Democratic Union of Albanians
79. Genci Nimanbegu – New Democratic Power - Forca
80. Mehmet Bardhi - Democratic League in Montenegro and Albanian Alternative
81. Amir Hollaj – Albanian Coalition – Perspektiva

2.2 CLUBS OF THE MEMBERS OF THE PARLIAMENT (MPS CLUBS)

24th Convocation of the Parliament of Montenegro was constituted on 23 April 2009 and six following MPs Clubs were formed on that occasion:

▶ Democratic Party of Socialists MPs Club - DPS ¹	36 members
▶ Socialist People's Party MPs Club - SNP	16 members
▶ Social-Democratic Party MPs Club - SDP	nine members
▶ New Serb Democracy MPs Club - NOVA	eight members
▶ Movement for Changes MPs Club - PZP	five members
▶ Bosniak Party MPs Club - BS	three members

There were four MPs that did not have their own Club during 2010: member of Albanian Coalition – Perspektiva, member of Democratic League in Montenegro and Albanian Alternative, member of Democratic Union of Albanians and member of New Democratic Power - Forca.

¹ Democratic Party of Socialists MPs Club (DPS) is composed of 35 members DPS and one Member of Croatian Civic Initiative (HGI).

2.3. THE PRESIDENT, VICE-PRESIDENTS, SECRETARY GENERAL AND DEPUTY SECRETARY GENERAL

RANKO KRIVOKAPIĆ, THE PRESIDENT

Born in Kotor on 17 August 1961.

A graduate Lawyer; Oral Master's Examination in International Relations passed at the Faculty of Law in Belgrade.



EMPLOYMENT:

- ▶ President of the Parliament of Montenegro since July 2003 during 22nd, 23rd and 24th Convocations.
- ▶ After the Referendum on the state legal status of Montenegro, in October 2006, he was elected as the President of the Constituent Assembly of the Republic of Montenegro and as the Chairperson of the Constitutional Committee of the Constituent Assembly of the Republic of Montenegro, until the proclamation of the Constitution in 2007.
- ▶ Elected as MP to eight convocations. First time in 1989 in the Parliament of Montenegro; in the Parliament of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia from 1993 to 1997, as well as to the Parliament of the State Union of Serbia and Montenegro from 2003 to 2006.

POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT:

- ▶ Political career started in the late 80s. He was a member of the Presidency of the Reform Forces for Montenegro in 1990.
- ▶ President of the Social Democratic Party of Montenegro (SDP).
- ▶ One of the founders of the Social Democratic Party (1990), which has been a full member of the Socialist International (SI) since 1996.
- ▶ Member of the Presidency of the Party of European Socialists (PES).

FOREIGN LANGUAGES: Fluent in English.

RIFAT RASTODER, THE VICE-PRESIDENT

Born in Radmanci (Bihor) near Berane on 11 July 1950. Resides in Podgorica.

The Vice-President of the Social Democratic Party of Montenegro, journalist and publicist.

**EMPLOYMENT:**

- ▶ Since 1998 he has been on the duty of the Deputy Speaker of the Parliament of Montenegro
- ▶ He was elected MP and The Vice-President of the Parliament of Montenegro in the last six convocations. In several mandates he also performed the function of the president of the SDP MP Club, as well as the function of the Chairman of the Committee on Human Rights.
- ▶ He has been professionally engaged in journalism since 1980. He is one of the most commissioned journalists, commentators and editors of program blocks and features of RTV MNE, and since 1986 he has been with the Pobjeda Daily.
- ▶ Since 1990 he has been one of founders and associates of several independent media
- ▶ Proclaimed the best journalist in 1990; a member of Association of Independent Journalists of Montenegro.
- ▶ Co-author of "Crvena Mrlja" (Red Smear) (1990), author of "Usud imena" (Fate of the Name) and "Pravo na Ime" (Right to a Name), several feuilletons and studies on human and minority rights, freedom of media, etc.
- ▶ Distinguished sportsman – one of the first Montenegrin masters of karate, competitor, coach and referee in this sport.
- ▶ One of the founders of alternative theatre in Montenegro (student's experimental stage under AKUD "Mirko Srzenić" and DODEST Theatre - Podgorica).

POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT:

- ▶ One of founders and the Vice-President of the Civic Movement: "The Public against Fascism" (1990); a member of the Presidency of the Civic Forum of Montenegro (1990); one of the initiators of the Reform Movement for Montenegro (1990).
- ▶ One of the founders of the Social Democratic Party of Montenegro.

NATIONALITY: Bosniak.

MARITAL STATUS: Married, father of two.

FOREIGN LANGUAGES: Fluent in Russian, communicates in English.

ŽELJKO ŠTURANOVIĆ, THE VICE-PRESIDENT

Born in Nikšić on 31 January 1960.

He graduated from the Faculty of Law in Podgorica in 1983, as the top student of the class.



EMPLOYMENT:

- ▶ The Vice-President of the Parliament of Montenegro since the constitution of 24th Convocation.
- ▶ On 10 November 2006 he was appointed the Prime Minister of the Government of the Republic of Montenegro. He performed this duty until 29 February 2008.
- ▶ During the period from 2 July 2001 to 10 November 2006 he was the Minister of Justice in two terms of office.
- ▶ He worked in the Steel Factory Nikšić after he graduated.

POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT:

- ▶ From 1993 he was an MP in two terms of office in the Council of Citizens of the Parliament of SRY, and in the second term of office he was the chief to the DPS MPs Club of Montenegro.
- ▶ Since 1993 he was a member of highest bodies of the Democratic Party of Socialists.
- ▶ On 5th Congress of DPS of Montenegro on 19 May 2007 he was elected the Vice-President of the Democratic Party of Socialists of Montenegro.

MARITAL STATUS: Married, father of two.

DAMIR DAVIDOVIĆ, THE SECRETARY GENERAL

Born in Kotor on 17 November 1978.

Acquired the diploma of international business manager in 2001, at the Faculty for international management of the European University for international management and business in Belgrade. He acquired the master's degree at the Centre for European Integration Studies of the University in Bonn, FR Germany.

EMPLOYMENT:

- ▶ He was appointed Secretary General of the 24th Convocation of the Parliament of Montenegro on 29 July 2009.
- ▶ June 2006 - July 2009 – Chief to the Cabinet of the Mayor of the Capital Podgorica.
- ▶ October 2003 - June 2006 – Adviser for foreign policy of the President of the Parliament of Montenegro.
- ▶ 2002 - 2003 – Senior Adviser for relations with the European Union, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Montenegro.
- ▶ September 2001 - December 2002 – a trainee in the Department for EU Cooperation, Multilateral Division, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Montenegro.

SPECIALISATION AND COURSES:

- ▶ November 2006 – “European Union Visitors Programme”, Brussels and Strasbourg,
- ▶ September 2003 - Internship in the Federal Parliament of the FR Germany,
- ▶ December 2002 – Study Visit to the European Court of Justice in Luxembourg,
- ▶ November 2002 - Study Visit to the European Commission in Brussels,
- ▶ October 2002 - Study Visit to the Federal Parliament of the FR Germany,
- ▶ 2001 - June 2002 – participant of the "EU - Trainer Programme" – Institute for European Policy from Berlin,
- ▶ July and August 2001 – “Summer School of Economic Policy G 17+”, Belgrade.

MARITAL STATUS: Married, father of one.

FOREIGN LANGUAGES: Fluent in English (writing, reading and speaking).

SLOBODAN DRAGOVIĆ, DEPUTY SECRETARY GENERAL

Born in Bijelo Polje on 15 January 1949. Resides in Podgorica.

Graduated from the Faculty of Law in Sarajevo in 1972, and passed the Bar Exam in Titograd in 1987.



EMPLOYMENT:

- ▶ Since 1999 he has been Deputy Secretary General of the Parliament.
- ▶ Worked in the Service of the Parliament of the Republic of Montenegro from June 1977, on the positions of the Adviser and Senior Adviser for political system, Adviser to the Secretary of the Parliament, Secretary of the Commission on Constitutional Matters.
- ▶ From 1991 to 1999 – Assistant Secretary General of the Parliament.
- ▶ In addition to the professional function, since 2004 he has been a member of the Commission on Establishing Conflicts of Interest and Deputy Chairman of the State Electoral Commission.

MARITAL STATUS: Married, father of three.

III SESSIONS OF THE PARLIAMENT

This chapter contains basic information on the work of the Parliament in 2010. During the reporting period, 19 ordinary sessions of the Parliament were held, and two constitutional acts, 106 laws, 46 laws on amendments and supplements to laws and 61 regulations were adopted (the review of adopted laws in 2010 is given in Annex I). For the sake of comparison with the same period in 2009, 13 ordinary sessions of the Parliament of Montenegro were held, and one constitutional act, 59 laws, 22 laws on amendments and supplements to laws, one declaration and 73 regulations was adopted. Three sessions dedicated to the Prime Minister's Hour and Parliamentary Questions were held and three formal sessions.

► *The sitting of the Parliament of Montenegro*



3.1. TABLE – WORK ON THE SESSIONS OF THE PARLIAMENT IN 2010 WITH THE PREVIEW IN 2009

	ORDINARY SESSIONS		EXTRAORDINARY SESSIONS	
	2009	2010	2009	2010
No. of sessions	13 ²	19 ³	2	2 ⁴
Duration of sessions (no. of days)	49	84	7	2
Duration of sessions (no. of hours)	204 hours and 40 minutes	316 hours and 25 minutes	20 hours	5 hours and 10 minutes
Number of considered Agenda items	108	202	7	1
No. of adopted laws	59 laws, 22 laws on amendments and supplements to laws and 1 constitutional act	106 laws and 46 laws on amendments and supplements to laws and 2 constitutional acts	4 laws, 1 law on amendments and supplements to a law and 1 constitutional act	–
No. of proposals for laws, that were not adopted	–	4	–	1
Decisions	12	16	2	–
Decisions on election and appointment	39	25	–	–
Declarations	1	–	–	–
Conclusions	9	23	–	–
No. of Interpellations	–	1	–	–
No. of Parliamentary Questions	197 questions and 17 additional questions	208 questions and 38 additional questions	–	–
No. of motions of no confidence votes to Government	–	1	–	–
No. of reports of certain organs	12	20	–	–
No. of acts for proceedings for the review of constitutionality	1	4	–	–

² Three extraordinary sessions were dedicated to the Prime Minister's Hour and Parliamentary Questions

⁴ Three extraordinary sessions were dedicated to the Prime Minister's Hour and Parliamentary Questions and two formal sessions

⁵ One formal session

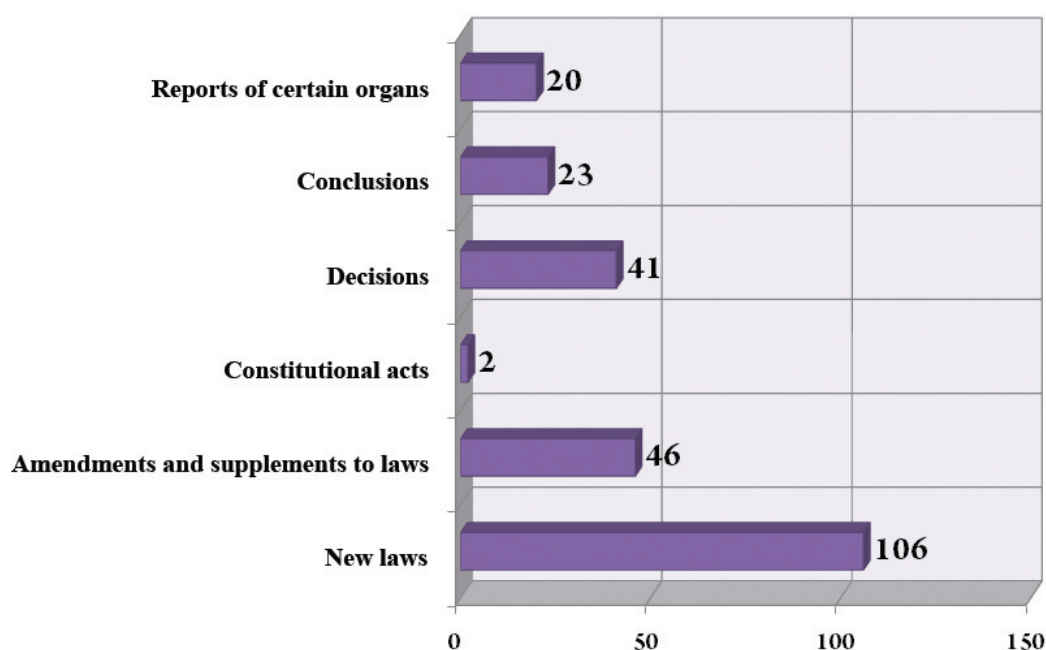
Pursuant to the Article 65 of the Rules of Procedure of the Parliament, as a guest of the Parliament a high official can address MPs. Three Formal Sessions had been held on that occasion in 2010, where the MPs had been addressed by: Mevlüt Çavuşoğlu, the President of the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe (17 May 2010), Helene Valerie Hayman, Baroness, the Lord Speaker of the House of Lords in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (22 September 2010) and Štefan Füle, the European Commissioner for Enlargement and European Neighbourhood Policy (11 November 2010).

3.2. PROPOSED ACTS

Four proposals for laws were introduced by MPs in 2010; 11 laws on amendments and supplements to laws; three decisions; four declarations, one interpellation; one motion of no-confidence vote to the 38th Government; one initiative for the dismissal of the President of the Parliament. In 2010 the Government of Montenegro proposed 102 laws, 18 laws on amendments and supplements to laws; two decisions; two motions for the review of constitutionality. The citizens did not propose any laws through their representative, in 2010.

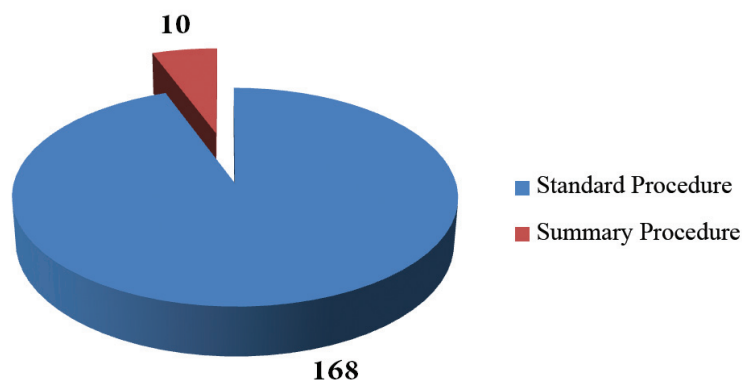
3.3. ADOPTED ACTS

In 2010, on the proposal of an MP, two laws, five laws on amendments and supplements to laws, three decisions and two constitutional acts were adopted. In the same period, on the proposal of the Government 104 laws, 41 laws on amendments and supplements to laws and one decision were adopted.



3.4. TYPE OF PROCEDURE

In 2010, 168 acts were adopted by the standard procedure, and 10 acts by the summary procedure. In 2010 two proposals for laws - Proposal for the Law on Territorial Organization of Montenegro and Proposal for the Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Electronic Communications have been withdrawn from the procedure.



3.5. THE NUMBER OF INTRODUCED AND ACCEPTED AMENDMENTS TO THE PROPOSAL OF A LAW

In 2010, 560 amendments were adopted out of the total number of 879 considered amendments on proposals for laws on the sessions of the Parliament. The number of amendments submitted by the working bodies was 322, proposals of laws, 320 of which were adopted (Constitutional Issues and Legislative Committee - 239 amendments; Committee on Economy, Finance and Budget - 38 amendments; Committee on Human Rights and Freedoms - six amendments; Committee on Health, Labor and Social Welfare - 15 amendments; Committee on Political System, Judiciary and Administration – nine amendments; Committee on Education, Science, Culture and Sports – four amendments; Committee on Tourism, Agriculture, Ecology and Spatial Planning - five amendments; Security and Defence Committee - six amendments). MPs submitted 523 amendments to proposals for laws, 206 of which were adopted, 228 were not, and 91 amendments they abandoned. The Government submitted 34 amendments.

3.6. THE VOTE OF CONFIDENCE TO THE GOVERNMENT, INTERPELLATION AND PARLIAMENTARY INVESTIGATION

An interpellation for discussion on specific issues on the work of the Government may be submitted by no less than 27 MPs. In 2010 the interpellation was launched for the debate on issues concerning the conduct of domestic policy of the Government of Montenegro in the field of local self-government, submitted by 28 MPs of the opposition.

A motion of no confidence vote to the Government can be submitted by no less than 27 MPs. In 2010, as part of the Agenda of the 5th Sitting of the 1st Ordinary Session, the Motion of no confidence vote to the 38th Government was debated, that was submitted by the group of 29 opposition MPs.

The Parliament may form the Survey Committee, upon the proposal of at least 27 MPs, in order to gather information and facts about the events related to the work of state organs. In 2010, Draft Decision on the Opening of a Parliamentary Inquiry to Consider the Situation in the Electric Power Sector in Montenegro, proposed by the group of 28 opposition MPs, was considered and was not adopted.

⁵ Two amendments that MPs abandoned, the Government modified and proposed as their own.

3.7. PRIME MINISTER'S HOUR AND PARLIAMENTARY QUESTIONS

For the purpose of providing necessary information about certain issues concerning the performance of the Government, i.e. concerning the planned policy implementation, any MP has the right to pose a parliamentary question to the Government, i.e. responsible ministry and be responded to. A parliamentary question is asked at an extraordinary session of the Parliament held no less than once in a two-month period during an ordinary sitting. The first part of this session, lasting to one hour, is intended for posing questions to the Prime Minister and his answers on topical issues from the work of the Government (Prime Minister's Hour). During 2010, three extraordinary sessions dedicated to Prime Minister's Hour and Parliamentary Questions were held. The number of posed questions was 246, 18 of which to the Prime Minister. The review of posed parliamentary questions is as follows:

PRIME MINISTER'S HOUR

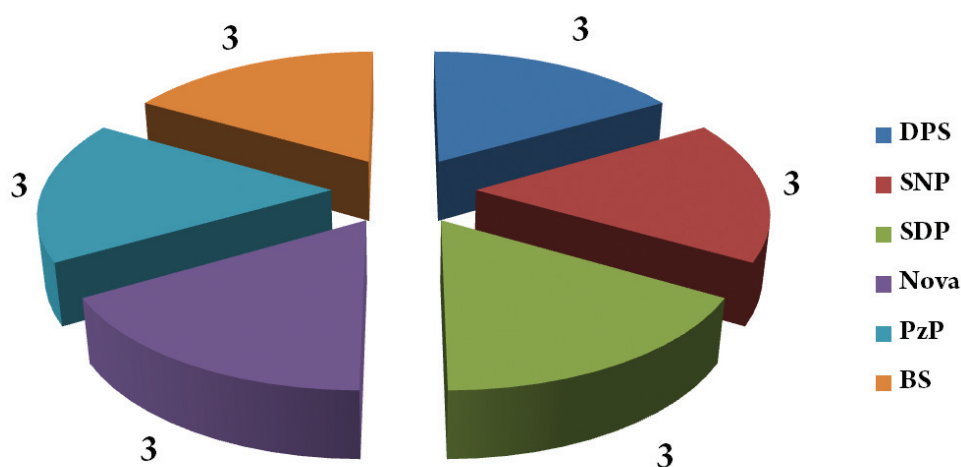
During the Prime Minister's Hour in 2010, 18 questions were posed to the Prime Minister:

- ▶ Democratic Party of Socialists MPs Club - 3 questions;
- ▶ Socialist People's Party MPs Club - 3
- ▶ Social-Democratic Party MPs Club - 3
- ▶ New Serb Democracy MPs Club - 3
- ▶ Movement for Changes MPs Club - 3
- ▶ Bosniak Party MPs Club - 3 questions.

▶ *The session dedicated to the Prime Minister's Hour and Parliamentary Questions*



Prime Minister's Hour

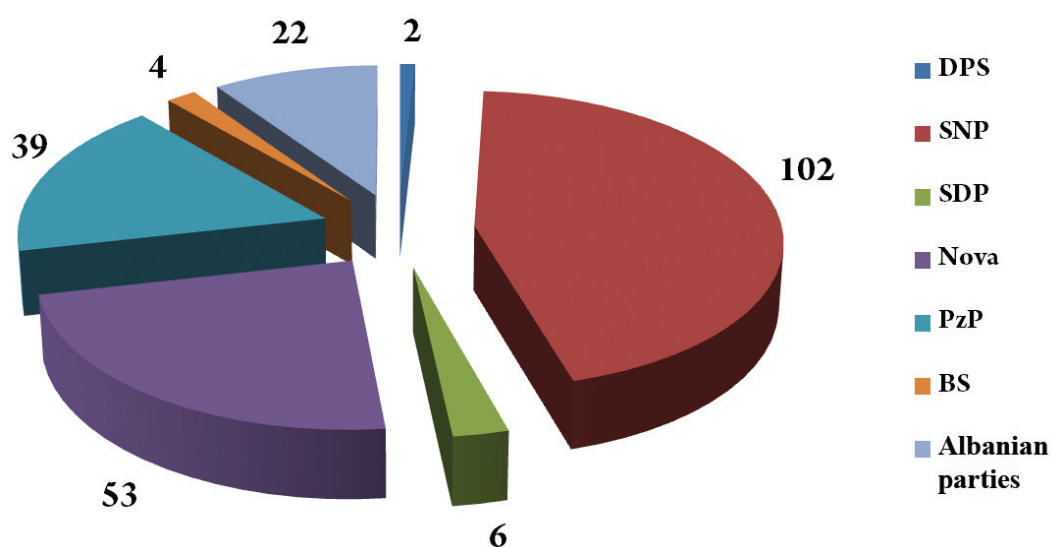


PARLIAMENTARY QUESTIONS

The total number of parliamentary questions posed is 190 and 38 additional questions:

- ▶ Democratic Party of Socialists MPs Club - 2 questions;
- ▶ Socialist People's Party MPs Club - 92 questions and 10 additional questions;
- ▶ Social-Democratic Party MPs Club - 5 questions and 1 additional question;
- ▶ New Serb Democracy MPs Club - 42 questions and 11 additional questions;
- ▶ Movement for Changes MPs Club - 27 questions and 12 additional questions;
- ▶ Bosniak Party MPs Club - 4 questions;
- ▶ Albanian parties - 18 questions in total and 4 additional questions.

Parliamentary Questions



IV WORK OF THE WORKING BODIES OF THE PARLIAMENT

Every proposal for a law and every act considered on the plenary session is first discussed at the meetings of committees. Over the past year the focus of the discussion has been shifted considerably from the Plenum to the committees, which is the goal and practice of every modern parliament. More than 220 meetings of the working bodies were held over the past year, during 262 working days, and their total duration is 492 hour and 28 minutes. 848 items of the agenda were considered on these meetings: 420 proposals for laws and the number of considered amendments was 1562.

	NO. OF MEETINGS		DURATION OF MEETINGS (IN HOURS)		DURATION OF MEETINGS (IN DAYS)		NO. OF CONSIDERED AGENDA ITEMS		NO. OF CONSIDERED PROPOSALS FOR LAWS		NO. OF CONSIDERED AMENDMENTS ⁶	
	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010
Constitutional Issues and Legislative Committee	23	40	58 h 20min	73h 9 min	32	43	222	287	117	171	564	863
Committee on Political System, Judiciary and Administration	15	27	33h 25min	57h 25min	15	28	35	62	10	25	92	147
Security and Defence Committee	13	13	33h 55min	44h 35min	17	14	25	31	6	5	42	11
Committee on International Relations and European Integration	12	28	37h	58h 50min	12	28	90	146	73	124	-	-
Committee on Economy, Finance and Budget	15	26	78h 45min	73h 50 min	40	53	58	83	36	33	266	234
Committee on Human Rights and Freedoms	12	22	30h 30min	63h 56min	11	23	25	61	5	11	7	91
Gender Equality Committee	12	9	20h 35min	15h 55min	12	10	21	14	3	2	24	8
Committee on Tourism, Agriculture, Ecology and Spatial Planning	4	8	13h 20min	13h 13min	12	12	12	28	6	11	99	52
Committee on Education, Science, Culture and Sports	6	8	8h 30min	16h 45min	6	8	13	20	2	15	-	65
Committee on Health, Labor and Social Welfare	16	24	32h 55min	44h 35min	22	25	61	74	14	23	96	91
Administrative Committee	15	13	23h 35min	15h 15min	16	13	71	39	-	-	-	-
Commission for Monitoring and Control of the Privatization Procedure	3	3	12h 5min	15h	5	5	8	3	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	146	221	382h 55 min	492h 28 min	200	262	641	848	272	420	1190	1562

⁶ The same amendment can be considered by number of different working bodies. An amendment submitted by the proposer of a law and the amendment adopted by the proposer of a law, becomes an integral part of the proposal for law and the Parliament does not decide on that amendment in particular.

During 2010, it could be noticed that the proposed legislation on meetings of the committees in most cases was explained by the line ministers, which is an indication of the increasing role of the committee. Also, the representatives of relevant non-governmental organizations and other interested public have recently been more invited to the meetings of the committees.

The Article 67 of the Rules of Procedure of the Parliament of Montenegro prescribes that “representatives of the proposer of an act and submitters of amendments to the proposal act considered in the sitting shall take part in the work of the Committee”, as well as that “representatives of the Government, representatives of scientific and professional institutions, other legal entities and non-governmental organisations, as well as individual professional and scientific workers shall take part in the work of the committee, if invited, having no right to decide”. In accordance with this Article, there were 854 participations on the committee meetings during 2010, in comparison to 535 of the previous year.

During the last year, oversight role of the committee has been strengthened, through various mechanisms, including control and consultative hearings. 13 consultative and two control hearings were held, of the various topics - foreign policy issues, the European Commission Questionnaire, "Šarić" and "Balkan Warrior" cases, the price of electricity.

	NO. OF PARTICIPATIONS ON THE COMMITTEE MEETINGS, IN ACCORDANCE TO THE ARTICLE 67 OF THE RULES OF PROCEDURE		CONSULTATIVE HEARINGS		CONTROL HEARINGS	
	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010
Constitutional Issues and Legislative Committee	127	236	-	-	-	-
Committee on Political System, Judiciary and Administration	42	94	-	-	-	1
Security and Defence Committee	33	16	-	-	1	1
Committee on International Relations and European Integration	56	108	7	12	-	-
Committee on Economy, Finance and Budget	147	136	-	1	-	-
Committee on Human Rights and Freedoms	34	64	1	-	-	-
Gender Equality Committee	-	23	-	-	-	-
Committee on Tourism, Agriculture, Ecology and Spatial Planning	32	58	-	-	-	-
Committee on Education, Science, Culture and Sports	8	30	-	-	1	-
Committee on Health, Labor and Social Welfare	49	73	3	-	-	-
Administrative Committee	2	4	1	-	-	-
Commission for Monitoring and Control of the Privatization Procedure	5	12	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	535	854	12	13	2	2

Control hearings

Committee on Political System, Judiciary and Administration



► The meeting of the Committee on Political System, Judiciary and Administration

- International legal cooperation in criminal matters between the judiciary of Montenegro and of countries in the region.

Security and Defence Committee

- The activities of the Agency for National Security and the Administration for the Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorism Financing in cases of "Šarić" and "Balkan Warrior".

Consultative hearings

Committee on International Relations and European Integration

- Monthly Reports for December 2009 and January 2010 on compliance with commitments under the Stabilisation and Association Agreement;
- Current foreign policy issues;
- Additional questions to the the European Commission Questionnaire;
- Giving the opinion of the candidates for the ambassadors of Montenegro to other countries and international institutions.
- Twentieth Quarterly Report on overall activities within the framework of the Stabilisation and Association Process, for the period April-June 2010;
- Consideration of the document with separate findings and recommendations of the Opinion on Montenegro's Application for Membership of the European Union and the Analytical Report, in the presence of the chairmen of all parliamentary committees.

Committee on Economy, Finance and Budget

- Electricity tariffs and prices

It is becoming more common that on certain current issues two or more committees would have joint meetings - Committee on Health, Labor and Social Welfare, Committee on Human Rights and Freedoms and Gender Equality Committee held the Joint Meeting in June, when the Proposal for the Law on Protection against Domestic Violence was considered, that the Parliament adopted on 10th Sitting of the First Ordinary Session.

On the Joint Meeting of the Committee on Health, Labor and Social Welfare and Committee on Human Rights and Freedoms, held in March, when the situation in Bauxite Mines Niksic was considered, conclusions concerning the strike of miners in the pit „Biočki stan“ was adopted. The Proposal for the Law on Protection of Genetic Data was the part on the Agenda of the Second Joint Meeting of these two committees.

Proposal for the Law on Prohibition of Discrimination was considered on the Joint Meeting of Committee on Human Rights and Freedoms and Gender Equality Committee, while the amendments to the Proposal for the Law on Protection against Domestic Violence were considered on the Joint Meeting of the Committee on Health, Labor and Social Welfare and Gender Equality Committee.

With the aim of informing the public about new laws adopted by the Parliament, as well as monitoring of the implementation of these laws, during the reporting period there were public debates organized in several cities in Montenegro, for different target groups, and members of working bodies visited different institutions and organizations. Here we remind of some of those activities:

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMY, FINANCE AND BUDGET

- ▶ Visit to the Energy Regulatory Agency regarding the manner of determining the price of electricity, as well as providing insight into the operation of the independent regulatory body;
- ▶ Visit to the Union of Associations of Parents of Children and Young with Disabilities;
- ▶ Visits to the First Bank of Montenegro regarding the information and familiarization of members of the Committee on how the Bank operates, the relationship between the First Bank and Central Bank of Montenegro, as well as discussions about the announced changes to the laws in the field of banking sector;
- ▶ Two public debates were held in Mixed Higher Secondary School „Bratstvo i jedinstvo“ in Ulcinj, where students were informed on the status and competencies of the Parliament of Montenegro in the state constitutional system, and the Municipality of Ulcinj, with the aim of bringing the work of this working body to the citizens and its importance in the process of adopting laws, with the special emphasis on the State Budget.

COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS

- ▶ Two visits to the PI Institute Komanski most, in March and October 2010, organized with the aim of implementation of the conclusion from the meeting of the Committee, upon consideration of the Control Hearing Initiative, to continuously monitor the work of the Institute, and for the members of the Committee to be familiarized with the measures taken by the Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare in order to improve the stay of persons in this institution;
- ▶ Visit to the Institute for the Execution of Criminal Sanctions in Spuž, with the aim of familiarization with the actions taken to improve the conditions of the persons residing in the institution;
- ▶ Public debate with elementary students, high school students and citizens on the topic „Proposal for the Law on Prohibition of Discrimination and the Law against Domestic Violence“, held in March in Bijelo Polje, in order for the citizens to learn about the proposals for laws, so that they could give some suggestions;
- ▶ Public debate with citizens and students on the topic „Proposal for the Law on the Ombudsman and the application of the Law on Prohibition of Discrimination“, held in September in Bar, where the implementation of the Law on Prohibition of Discrimination was considered, as well as experiences and effects of the implementation of regulations concerning all citizens, especially national minorities;
- ▶ Two meetings with the representatives of NGO Associations of Parents of Children and Young with Disabilities „Naša inicijativa“ and „Razvitak“ in Podgorica and Cetinje;

SECURITY AND DEFENCE COMMITTEE

- ▶ Visit to the Agency for National Security, during which the members of the Committee examined the legality of the use of supervisory measures against mail and other means of communication;
- ▶ Visit to the barracks in Golubovci, on 16 July, on the occasion of sending a contingent of the Army of Montenegro in the Peacekeeping mission ISAF in Afghanistan;
- ▶ Round table on “Parliamentary Oversight of Defense and Security Sector- Law and Practice”, which also tackled the importance of adopting and implementing of the Law on Parliamentary Oversight of Security and Defense Sector.

Preparation and monitoring of implementation of laws - examples from the meetings of committees

Security and Defence Committee

Significant contribution to the exercise of the legislative role of the Parliament of Montenegro, Security and Defence Committee has provided by with the Draft and Proposal for the Law on Parliamentary Oversight of Security and Defense Sector, as well as with the adoption of this legal text.

Work on the drafting of this law has been initiated in 2008, with the assistance of international organizations (OSCE, DCAF, etc.), and the Working Group, formed in 2010 and made on the parity basis, submitted the draft text to the Committee for consideration in November 2010. It is noteworthy that during the drafting of the legal text, the Working Group paid special attention to the implementation of the experience in the field of parliamentary control of the defense and security sector of the countries in the region and actively cooperated with representatives of NGOs. With the Law on Parliamentary Oversight of Security and Defense Sector all subjects dealing with the security and defense affairs were covered, as well as the and relations of the Committee towards the Parliament and the Government of Montenegro, and his primary goal is to raise the quality of the security sector through partnership and cooperation with the Parliament.

This Law enables the Parliament of Montenegro and the Security and Defence Committee to establish protection of freedoms and rights of citizens from possible abuses, and to contribute to building a complete and modern security system in Montenegro, through the oversight of the authorities responsible for security and defense.

Law on Parliamentary Oversight of Security and Defense Sector was unanimously adopted in December, on the 7th Sitting of the Second Ordinary Session of the Parliament of Montenegro.

Gender Equality Committee

In the second half of 2010, the focus of the activities of the Committee was directed to monitoring of the application of the Law on Gender Equality in all spheres of social life. Starting from the fact that the Law on Gender Equality was adopted in 2007, and that in the meantime the implementation of this law had not been consistently followed, the Committee, in cooperation with the OSCE Mission in Montenegro, began realization of the monitoring project, with the involvement of experts in the field of law, with an understanding of gender equality standards.

In the following period supervision of the process of EU integration will be increasingly as important. One of the measures, specified by the Action Plan for Strengthening of the Legislative and Oversight Role of the Parliament of Montenegro, is the monitoring and control of the implementation of recommendations of European Commission and the Opinion on Montenegro's Application for Membership of the European Union and the Analytical Report. As it was planned, the Committee on International Relations and European Integration has prepared comprehensive information on findings and recommendations of the European Commission in December, divided in chapters and divisions, with the proposal of competent committees, which should continue with making their own plans of monitoring of the implementation of recommendations of the European Commission, and the Government Action Plan. The information was discussed at the Joint Meeting of the Chairmen and Deputy Chairmen of all Working Bodies, who would continue preparing plans for monitoring of the implementation in their scope of work.

► The meeting of the Committee on International Relations and European Integration



V PARLIAMENTARY COOPERATION

The Parliament of Montenegro is a member of the most important regional and international parliamentary associations – Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe (PACE), Parliamentary Assembly of the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), Inter-Parliamentary union (IPU)-Association of the UN Members Parliaments, Parliamentary Assembly of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, Parliamentary Assembly of the Mediterranean – PAM and Euro-Mediterranean Parliamentary Assembly (EMPA). The Parliament of Montenegro also has good cooperation with the EU Member States' national parliaments, parliaments of the region, as well as with parliaments of other countries, through permanent parliamentary friendship groups, and other forms of bilateral cooperation.

A very intensive cooperation with other parliaments is conducted through regional initiatives – Central European Initiative, Southeast European Cooperation Process and the Adriatic-Ionian Initiative, that the Parliament of Montenegro is the member of, and whose parliamentary dimensions it has been chairing in the period 2010-2011.

This chapter contains information regarding the activities of the Parliament in the field of Euro-Atlantic integration, paid and received visits, events organized by international and regional parliamentary organizations, as well as information regarding the cooperation of the Parliament with foreign and international organisations.

5.1. EURO-ATLANTIC INTEGRATION

After entering into force of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Communities and Montenegro, and pursuant to the Article 125 of the Agreement, the Collegium of the President of the 24th Convocation of the Parliament, on its meeting on 1 June 2010, had adopted the decision to appoint members of the Parliament of Montenegro into the EU-Montenegro Stabilisation and Association Parliamentary Committee. In addition, the Parliament has formed the Secretariat, whose role is to provide the Montenegrin part with the best possible expert and technical support, and to ensure communication with the European Parliament. The first meeting of the Parliamentary Committee was held on 27 and 28 September 2010 in Brussels. The Declaration and Recommendations were adopted on that occasion. During 2011 the following two meetings of the EU-Montenegro Stabilisation and Association Parliamentary Committee are to be held, the first of which will take place in Montenegro.

The European Commission published its Opinion on Montenegro's Application for Membership of the European Union on 9 November 2010, which positively assessed the ability of the State of Montenegro to become a full member of the European Union and recommended granting the status of candidate country. In consideration with the Opinion and the Analytical Report, with the aim of meeting the recommendations contained in the Opinion concerning the Parliament, the Collegium of the President of the Parliament has adopted the Action Plan for Strengthening of the Legislative and Oversight Role of the Parliament of Montenegro for the period December 2010 – November 2011 on 9 December 2010. This document contains the list of measures and activities with the aim of strengthening the legislative and oversight role of the Parliament, that relate to adopting of laws and regulation, increase of the performance efficiency, strengthening of administrative and financial capacities, and further progress of transparency and openness. Strengthening of the ability of the Parliament to oversight and follow the harmonization of national legislation with the legislation of European Union is one of key priorities, so as to continue to strengthen its legislative and oversight roles.

5.2. VISITS OF OTHER STATES AND PARLIAMENTS' REPRESENTATIVES

During the reporting period a number of visits and meetings of the representatives of the Parliament of Montenegro had been arranged with numerous delegations and officials in the framework of bilateral cooperation with other countries and parliaments, as well as with representatives of foreign and international organisations.

The following delegations have paid visits to the Parliament of Montenegro during 2010: Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe, Parliamentary Assembly of OSCE, Senate of France, National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China, German Bundestag, United States Congress, National Council of the Slovak Republic, National Assembly of the Republic of Slovenia, National Assembly of the Republic of Serbia, National Assembly of the Republic of Srpska, House of Lords of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of the Kingdom of Morocco, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Federal Republic of Germany. The meetings with the representatives of the Parliament of Montenegro also had the ambassadors of the Republic of Austria, the Kingdom of Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Republic of Bulgaria, Egypt, the French Republic, the Hellenic Republic, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, the State of Israel, the People's Republic of China, the Republic of Turkey, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Ukraine, representatives of European Commission, The UK National Audit Office, Council of Europe's Group of States Against Corruption (GRECO), Office of Foreign Affairs of the House of Commons of the UK Parliament, Konrad Adenauer Foundation, German Organisation for Technical Cooperation (GTZ), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), The International Monetary Fund for Southeast Europe, NiCO Organisation, National Democratic Institute (NDI), Organization for the Support of Improvement of the System of Public Administration in Southeast Europe, Thomson Reuters Foundation, North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), World Bank and Westminster Foundation for Democracy.

► The official visit of the Lord Speaker of the House of Lords in the Parliament of UK and Northern Ireland



ACTIVITIES OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PARLIAMENT

The President of the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe, Mevlüt Çavuşoğlu, visited the Parliament of Montenegro on 17 May, at the invitation of the President Ranko Krivokapić. Both presidents pointed out that Montenegro successfully fulfills its obligations deriving from its membership in the Council of Europe, and that it has been truly committed to the standards promoted by this oldest pan-European organization. The President Çavuşoğlu addressed the MPs of the Parliament of Montenegro, on the Formal Session, organized in his honour.

The Lord Speaker of the House of Lords in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Helene Valerie Hayman, Baroness, visited the President of the Parliament of Montenegro on 22 September. This was the first visit paid by the Lord Speaker of the House of Lords to Montenegro and is therefore historically significant. During the visit joint assessments had been made that the visit itself should mark the initiation of intensification of cooperation and even closer ties between the two parliaments. The Baroness Hayman addressed the MPs of the Parliament of Montenegro, on the Formal Session, organized in her honour.

President of the National Assembly of the Republic of Serbia, Slavica Đukić – Dejanović, visited the President of the Parliament of Montenegro on 13 October. The meeting on the highest parliamentary level had been arranged after 3 years, when Montenegro had been the host to the President of the National Assembly of the Republic of Serbia, Oliver Dulić. By organizing the visit of the President Đukić – Dejanović, Montenegro contributed to the strengthening of parliamentary ties between the two countries, offered help to the establishment of good neighborly relations with the Republic of Serbia, on the basis of full appreciation and mutual respect, as fundamental principle of international law.

The President of Montenegro, Ranko Krivokapić, had the meeting with the President of the European Council, Herman van Rompuy, on 19 October in Podgorica, as part of his official visit to Montenegro.

The President of the Parliament met with the European Commissioner for Enlargement and European Neighbourhood Policy, Štefan Füle, on 11 November during his visit to Montenegro, on the occasion of the publication of the Opinion on Montenegro's Application for Membership of the European Union.

ACTIVITIES OF VICE-PRESIDENTS OF THE PARLIAMENT

Vice-President Šturanović met with the delegation of Congress of the Council of Europe in March. The representatives of CoE were mostly interested in cooperation of local self-government and central government in Montenegro. Vice-President Šturanović also met with the Secretary of State in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of the Kingdom of Morocco, Latifa Akharbach, in March.

Vice-President of the Parliament of Montenegro, Željko Šturanović, organized an official dinner in April, in the honour of the President of the National Assembly of the Republic of Slovenia, Pavel Gantar. In an open conversation, the representatives of the Montenegrin and Slovenian parliament agreed that the traditional friendship between the two countries has resulted in high quality cooperation at bilateral and multilateral level. It was concluded that the parliamentary cooperation should be something to be insisted on, despite close contacts on the economic and scientific level.

Vice-President of the Parliament of Montenegro, Rifat Rastoder, received the delegation of the German Bundestag in April, during an official visit to Montenegro. Vice-President Rastoder said that he was extremely pleased with the parliamentary and overall cooperation with governmental and other organizations from Germany, expressing gratitude to a number of development support provided to Montenegro on its path to European integration. It was agreed that the cooperation of parliamentarians in the region is of great importance for strengthening of the functions of parliaments, particularly its control role.

► The meeting of the Vice-President Šturanović with William Mussolini



Vice-President of the Parliament of Montenegro, Željko Šturanović, met in June with the coordinator for the Council of Europe Regional Project Reforms of the Self-Government, William Massolini.

Vice-President Šturanović met with the General Director of the Democracy and Political Affairs Department of the Council of Europe, Jean Louis Loran in September, and the satisfaction with the cooperation of Montenegro and the Council of Europe was expressed.

United States Congress Delegation composed of 5 members: William Delahunt, Jeff Flake, Dan Burton, Mike Turner and Stephen Cohen visited the Parliament of Montenegro in September and met with the Vice-President Rifat Rastoder, chiefs of MPs Clubs, and representatives of Democratic Union of Albanians and Democratic League in Montenegro on that occasion.

5.3. VISITS TO OTHER STATES AND PARLIAMENTS

ACTIVITIES OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PARLIAMENT

22-23 January – The President of the Parliament paid a visit to the Federal Republic of Germany, and on that occasion met with the President of the German Bundestag, Norbert Lammert, Chairwoman of the Defence Committee of the German Bundestag, Susanne Kastner, State Secretary of Defence, Cristian Schmidt and with the German Ministry of Foreign Affairs Special Envoy for the Western Balkans, Nikolaus Lambsdorf.

27-28 September – In the time of the First Meeting of the EU-Parliament of Montenegro Stabilisation and Association Parliamentary Committee in Brussels, the President Krivokapić had special meetings with the European Commissioner for Enlargement and European Neighbourhood Policy in EU, Štefan Füle, the President of the European Parliament, Jerzy Buzek, as well as with the Speaker of the House of Representatives of The Belgian Parliament, André Flahault.

► During the visit of the President Krivokapić with the Pope Benedict XVI in Vatican



visit, the President met with the President of the Republic of Slovenia, Danilo Türk, the President of the National Assembly, Pavel Gantar, the President of the Government, Borut Pahor, Minister of Foreign Affairs, Samuel Žbogar, the Former President of The Republic of Slovenia, Milan Kučan and The Mayor of the City of Ljubljana, Zoran Janković. The President Krivokapić gave a lecture at the Faculty of Social Sciences, University of Ljubljana on the topic: "Montenegro - the Power of Life, the Pledge for the Future."

ACTIVITIES OF VICE-PRESIDENTS OF THE PARLIAMENT

The President and the Vice-President of the Parliament of Montenegro, Ranko Krivokapić and Željko Šturanović, paid the visit to Palestine in March, and on that occasion met with high officials of that state. This was the first visit of the Montenegrin officials to Palestine. Montenegro supports the efforts made by the Palestinian Authority in order to reach a political settlement in the Middle East.

Members of the Interparliamentary Friendship Group of the Parliament of Montenegro, headed by the Vice-President, Rifat Rastoder, paid an official visit to the Parliamentary Assembly of Bosnia and Herzegovina in June, on the occasion of which they met with the members of the Friendship Group of the PA of Bosnia and Herzegovina for the Cooperation with Neighbouring Countries, headed by Ilija Filipović. The MPs of the Montenegrin Parliament had the chance to meet with the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Sven Alkalaj. At the meeting with the Chairman of the Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Haris Silajdžić, they talked about the way and opportunities as to deepen the existing cooperation between the two countries, and concluded that it should be insisted on cooperation in the field of education. They also had the meeting with the Deputy Chairman of the House of Representatives, Beriz Belkić and the Deputy Chairman of the House

29-30 September – the President of the Parliament paid an official visit to the Republic of Turkey and had the meetings with the Turkish President, Abdullah Gül and the Speaker of the Turkish Grand National Assembly, Mehmet Ali Şahin.

8-9 November – the President of the Parliament paid the visit to the Republic of Italy, where he met with the President of the Italian Chamber of Deputies, Gianfranco Fini, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Franco Frattini and with the Chief Prosecutor of the National Anti-mafia Bureau, Pietro Grasso.

10 November – the President of the Parliament paid an official visit to Vatican City State, official audience and a special meeting with Pope Benedict XVI and meeting with the Cardinal Tarcisio Pietro Evasio Bertone. Visit of the President Krivokapić to Vatican was the first one in which a speaker of a parliament met in a separate audience with the Head (pontiff) of the Catholic Church, as the protocol of the Holy See reserves such meetings exclusively for heads of state and government. This act should primarily be perceived as recognition of our country to a policy of multiculturalism and recognition of multireligious and multiethnic harmony in Montenegro.

24-26 November – The President of the Parliament paid an official visit to the Republic of Slovenia. During his

► The Members of the Interparliamentary Friendship Group of the Parliament of Montenegro during the visit to the PA of Bosnia and Herzegovina



of Peoples, Ilija Filipović, who showed their appreciation of the policy of Montenegro, which is moving towards Euro-Atlantic integration, but also in the direction of good regional cooperation.

Interparliamentary Friendship Group of the Parliament of Montenegro, headed by the Vice-President, Rifat Rastoder, paid an official visit to the Turkish Grand National Assembly in November. The delegation met with the Vice-President of the National Assembly, Nevzat Pakdil, the President of the Friendship Group with the Parliament of Montenegro, Ayhan Sefer Üstün, as well as with the representatives of the Ministries.

MPs and employees of the Parliament of Montenegro paid a number of study visits to other parliaments (National Assembly of the Republic of Slovenia, Parliament of Croatia, The Parliament of Norway), as well as to the regional Parliament of Saxony. Also, MPs of the Bosniak Party visited the National Assembly of the Republic of Serbia in March, where they met with MPs of minority parties.

5.4. INTERNATIONAL PARLIAMENTARY ORGANIZATIONS

During 2010, numerous delegations of the Parliament of Montenegro, have taken part on the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe Winter Session (January, Strasbourg), the OSCE Parliamentary Assembly Winter Session (February, Vienna), the Third Conference of Secretaries General of parliaments of the Western Balkans (March, Bečići), 122nd Assembly of the Inter-Parliamentary Union (Bangkok), the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe Spring Session (Strasbourg), NATO Parliamentary Assembly Spring Session (May, Riga), European Conference of Presidents of Parliaments of the Member States of the Council of Europe (June, Limassol), the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe Summer Session (June, Strasbourg), 3rd World Conference of the Speakers of Parliaments of Interparliamentary Union (July, Geneva), Annual Session of the OSCE Parliamentary Assembly (July, Oslo), the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe Autumn Session (October, Strasbourg), Meeting of the Association of Secretaries General of Parliaments of UN Countries and Annual Session of the Inter-Parliamentary Union (October, Geneva), OSCE Parliamentary Assembly Autumn Session (October, Palermo) and 56th Annual Session of NATO Parliamentary Assembly (November, Warsaw).

5.5. REGIONAL INITIATIVES

In terms of regional parliamentary cooperation, 2010 is significant for the fact that the Parliament of Montenegro has assumed the Presidency of the three very important initiatives (Central European Initiative, South-East European Cooperation Process, Adriatic-Ionian Initiative), that gather EU Member States and the countries that have not yet become members. State and institutional maturity shown during the regional presidency is of great importance for the fulfillment of two key strategic goals of Montenegro: European and Euro-Atlantic integration.

Three meetings of the **Cetinje Parliamentary Forum** have been organized during 2010.

27 April, Cetinje – IX Cetinje Parliamentary Forum, with the financial support of Fridrih Ebert Foundation, on “The Parliament’s Role in Combating Corruption and Organized Crime”.

21-22 June, Cetinje – X Cetinje Parliamentary Forum, with the financial support of OSCE and UNDP, on “Women, Peace and Security - United Nations Security Council Resolution 1325”. After the Forum, III OSCE Regional Women Parliamentarians Meeting, on “Regional Overview of the Implementation of the United Nations Security Council Resolution 1325” was held.

7-8 November, Budva – XI Cetinje Parliamentary Forum, in cooperation with UNDP Office in Podgorica and Center for the South Eastern and Eastern Europe Clearinghouse for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons (SEESAC), on “The Parliament’s Role in the System of Export and Import of Arms”.

These meetings brought together representatives of numerous parliaments, government institutions and establishments, foreign and international organizations, as well as representatives of the diplomatic corps.

Central European Initiative – CEI represents the oldest regional initiative in Central and Southeastern Europe. It has existed since 1989 and today is composed of 18 Member States: Albania, Austria, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Montenegro, Czech Republic, Croatia, Italia, Hungary, Macedonia, Moldova, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Serbia and Ukraine. Since its establishment, the CEI aims at fostering the political and socio-economic development in the region, and avoiding the formation of new dividing lines in Europe. In this regard, the CEI is oriented to helping in various ways to strengthen the capacity of countries that are not EU members, so as for them to consolidate their institutional and economic background and bring them closer to the EU.

Cetinje Parliamentary forum, as the autochthonous regional initiative of the parliamentary cooperation of the Southeast Europe countries on their way towards EU, represents an important form of encouragement and promotion of parliamentary dialogue between countries of the region. This parliamentary forum has until now attracted close to 500 parliamentarians from the countries of the region and the partner countries of the European Union Member States, who in Cetinje in an open and direct way discussed current issues in the region in the field of foreign policy, education, culture, economy, security and else.

The Parliament of Montenegro has assumed the Presidency of the **Parliamentary Dimension of the Central European Initiative** from the Parliament of Romania in the Parliamentary Assembly Meeting of CEI-PD, held in the period 27-28 October 2009 in Bucharest. The presidency of Montenegro formally lasted from 1 January 2010 until 1 January 2011.

The delegation of the Parliament of Montenegro, headed by the President and the Vice-President, Ranko Krivokapić and Željko Šturanović, attended the 6th Euro Mediterranean Parliamentary Assembly – EMPA, held in the period 12-14 March in Amman, when Montenegro became a member of EMPA.

The Meeting of the Parliamentary Committee of the CEI-PD was held in Cetinje on 26 April, on “The Parliament’s Role in Combating Corruption and Organized Crime”.

► The Parliamentary Assembly of the CEI-PO, Bečići



35th Session of the Parliamentary Assembly of Black Sea Economic Initiative, held in the period 2-3 June in Belgrade, was organized by the National Assembly of the Republic of Serbia. The importance of developing good-neighborly relations and improving of the conditions for economic and political cooperation in the Black Sea area was emphasized at the Meeting. As part of the topic on “The Role of Parliaments in Strengthening the Principles of International Law” the need for creating mechanisms of international law was emphasized, that would respond to modern challenges of the 21st century, such as organized crime, terrorism, disease, and more.

The Parliamentary Assembly of the CEI-PD was held in Bečići, in the period 26-27 November. Two topics of this Meeting were: “Cross-Border Cooperation among CEI Countries” and “Parliamentary Cooperation with Civil Sector”. The financial partner of the Parliament of Montenegro was Fridrih Ebert Foundation.

The Parliament of Montenegro has assumed the Presidency of the **Parliamentary Dimension of the South-East European Cooperation Process** from the Grand National Assembly of Turkey, on the Conference of the Speakers of the SEECP Parliaments, held in Antalya on 7 June 2010. The presidency of Montenegro formally lasts from June 2010 until June 2011. In the organization of the Grand National Assembly of Turkey, as part of this initiative, 8th Conference of the Speakers of the SEECP Parliaments, was held in Antalya on 7 June 2010, attended by Ranko Krivokapić, the President of the Parliament and Miodrag Vuković,

The South-East European Cooperation Process (SEECP) is a regional framework of cooperation initiated in June 1996 at the meeting of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the South-East Europe (SEE) countries in Sophia, Bulgaria, with the objective of promoting and strengthening good neighbourly relations between SEE countries and transforming the region in the zone of peace, security, stability, and cooperation. The SEECP has 12 Member States: the Republic of Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Republic of Bulgaria, the Republic of Croatia, the Hellenic Republic, the Republic of Macedonia, the Republic of Moldova, Montenegro, Romania, the Republic of Serbia, the Republic of Slovenia, and the Republic of Turkey.

Adriatic-Ionian Initiative (AII) was founded at the Ancona Conference on “Development and Security in the Adriatic and the Ionian Seas” on 20 May 2000. The Conference ended with the adoption of the Declaration of Ancona, as a founding political document of the Initiative. Montenegro was admitted to the membership on 31 May 2007 at the Ministerial Conference in Sarajevo. Today, seven European countries of the region, which border the Adriatic and/or the Ionian Sea, are the Member States of the AII: Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Republic of Croatia, the Hellenic Republic, the Republic of Italy, Montenegro, the Republic of Slovenia, and, as a successor to the membership, the Republic of Serbia.

Chairman to the permanent delegation of the Parliament of Montenegro to the Parliamentary Dimension of the Central European Initiative (CEI-PD), i.e. the Chairman of the Initiative in the year of the Montenegrin presidency. Two topics were discussed on this Meeting: “Strengthening of Institutional Network for Parliamentary Cooperation in South East Europe” and “Fighting the Negative Effects of the Global Economic Crisis”.

The Parliament of Montenegro has assumed the Presidency of the **Parliamentary Dimension of the Adriatic-Ionian Initiative** from the Parliament of Italy on the Conference of Speakers of Parliaments of Adriatic-Ionian Initiative Countries, held in the period 28-29 April 2010 in Bari. The presidency of Montenegro formally lasts from May 2010 until May 2011. In the organization of the Parliament of Italy, the above

mentioned Conference was attended by the President of the Parliament, Ranko Krivokapić, who had exposures on both sessions of the Conference, on the topics of: “The Parliamentary Cooperation in the AII with the aim of encouraging European integration of Western Balkans” and “The preservation and promotion of the Adriatic Sea as the factor in cultural and tourism development in the region”.

5.6. COOPERATION WITH FOREIGN AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS

Cooperation with numerous foreign and international organisations has been continued during the reporting period. These organisations have supported the Parliament by organizing different regional and international meetings, seminars and by providing other specialisation and training opportunities.

Fridrih Ebert Foundation had organised the Conference “Open Parliament – Transparency and Accountability of the SEE Parliaments” in April in Sofia. It was the financial partner of the Parliament of Montenegro in organising of the Meeting of the CEI Parliamentary Dimension, on “The Parliaments’ Role in Combating Corruption and Organized Crime”, held in April in Cetinje; as well as in organizing the Meeting of the CEI Parliamentary Dimension, divided in two thematic sessions: “Cross-Border Cooperation among CEI Countries” and “Parliamentary Cooperation with Civil Sector”, held in November in Bečići.

Long-term cooperation with the National Democratic Institute (NDI) has been continued throughout 2010, and the employees of the Parliament participated in study visit to parliaments of the Slovak Republic and the Czech Republic in February, where they had the opportunity to get acquainted with the work of parliamentary institutes of the two parliaments. NDI had also organized the Conference on “The Parliamentary Oversight of the State Budget” in May in Bečići, as part of the regional Western Balkan Legislative Strengthening Initiative, with the participation of high representatives of the governments of the Western Balkans. In addition, numerous seminars for employees of the Parliament had been held, while the organization also advisory and financially assisted the publication of several parliamentary brochures.

Cooperation with the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), with the financial support of the Austrian Parliament, included significant number of activities during 2010, including public debates of members of some parliamentary committees with the citizens in several cities in Montenegro, as well as the study visits of the Committee on Economy, Finance and Budget to the Parliament of Saxonia in April, the visit of the delegation of the Security and Defence Committee and the Committee on Human Rights and Freedoms to The Parliament of Norway in October. The 3rd Conference of Secretaries General of Parliaments of the Western Balkans was held in March, in the organization of OSCE, in

Bečići, devoted to various aspects of the parliamentary budget; the 3rd OSCE Regional Conference of Women Parliamentarians was held in June on "Regional Overview of the Implementation of the SC UN Resolution 1325", in Cetinje; the 2nd Meeting of the Committees on European Integrations of the Parliaments of Montenegro and Albania in November, in Bečići, where they discussed topics related to the roles and responsibilities of parliaments and committees in the integration process and communication strategy in the integration process. OSCE also organised a number of seminars for the employees of the Parliament, as well as the presentation of the Manual on Parliamentary Hearings.

During 2010 realisation of Twinning Project of Legal Harmonisation has been continued, where the Parliament of Montenegro stands as the beneficiary of the forth component. As part of this project, employees of the Parliament took part in several working visits to the National Assembly of the Republic of Slovenia at the end of June 2010. The guests from Slovenia also visited Montenegro on several occasions, in order to communicate their experience and help its application in the Montenegrin Parliament, especially the part concerning the classification, treatment, preservation and use of parliamentary documents, and organizing of the Unit for dealing with Research and Documentation management, and information solutions that follow the legislative procedure in Parliament.

After the meeting of high representatives of the Parliament and the Westminster Foundation for Democracy, NiCO Organization, Office of Foreign Affairs of the House of Commons of the UK Parliament and Thomson Reuters Foundation, as well as after the signing of the Memorandum of Cooperation in May 2010, the realization of the Programme on Cooperation between the Parliament of Montenegro and the Westminster Foundation for Democracy has officially started in September. The project includes the areas of legislative oversight, financial control and communications and human resources development. As part of this project, during 2010, the Service of the Parliament has been given the assistance in drafting of the Rulebook on Organisation and Systematisation, as well as Human Resources Strategy. A number of meetings with the representatives of the Service of the Parliament had been organized, where the guests from these institutions shared their experience from these areas of cooperation.

Further more, the Parliament has a long-term cooperation with German Organisation for Technical Cooperation (GTZ), that organized the Seminar on the Program Budget in January in Budva, and the Konrad Adenauer Foundation, whose representatives had several meetings with officials of the Parliament, where the need for continuation of cooperation was highlighted.

Further information concerning the parliamentary cooperation are given in Annex II.

VI PUBLICITY OF THE WORK OF THE PARLIAMENT

A significant progress has been made in the context of the public work of the Parliament. The new web presentation has been launched, with a fuller content, regular updates and direct broadcast of the sessions of the Parliament, and committee meetings in part, numerous visits of citizens have been organized, and the sitting of the Children's Parliament had been held as well.

Regular publication of financial reports, semi-annual and annual performance reports is additional contribution to public work of the Montenegrin parliament, and so is the publication of this very Report.

This chapter contains detailed information on cooperation of the Parliament with the media, civil sector organizations, activities related to requests submitted to the Parliament pursuant to the Law on Free Access to Information, as well as information on visits, exhibitions and other events.

6.1. PARLIAMENT AND MEDIA

Department for Public Relations, International Affairs and Protocol of the Parliament of Montenegro provided for the 222 annual accreditations for journalists and cameramen/photographers from 22 electronic and print media, seven editorial boards of which were international. Also 86 daily accreditations were provided for.

The web presentation of the Parliament of Montenegro (www.skupstina.me) has been significantly enhanced during 2010. The News page has shown 985 information and 2 320 photographs.

TV broadcast of the plenary sessions, with its own technical and human resources capacities, the Parliament of Montenegro has started on 3 March 2010. TV signal is made available to interested TV stations and cable operators for distribution, which can be done in two ways: by the Broadcasting Center and located next to the Plenary Hall, by the journalists lodge.

That way 270 hours of broadcast has been produced. The video archive of the plenary sittings has been build up, live-streaming on the web page as well, real time summary preview of voting results of MPs are made available, and the preview of individual voting and grafical representation of the voting can be watched on the monitors in the Planary Hall. Meeting rooms have been equipped with video cameras, so the meetings of the committees could be broadcasted onto the Close-Circuit Cable Chanel. The sessions of the Parliament of Montenegro can be watched live over the Internet since 17 June 2010. Since the introduction of this service, 8 281 visits from 35 countries has been made to the live streaming link.

6.2. FREE ACCESS TO INFORMATION

The Parliament of Montenegro has received 104 requestes for the free access to information during 2010, with 427 items, i.e subrequests. All of them were responded to either with a decision (91), conclusion (4) or notification (9).

During 2010 the Parliament has denied 23 requestes for the free access to information, in the case of which the request is denied with the decision only in two instances: 1) if the acces to information is limited by the Article 9 of the Law on Free Access to Information or 2) if the Parliament of Montenegro does not possess the requested information.

During the reporting period, the major number of requests for the free access to information was submitted by non-governmental organisations.

Requests mainly asked access for the information on financial operation, e.g. copies of payrolls for all members and employees of the Parliament, copies of phone bills, copies of documents containing information on amounts spent from the Budget of the Parliament of Montenegro for transportation and accommodation; amounts received by every member of the Parliament at the account of foreign and in-country travel per diems.

Table with detailed review of data on requester for the free access to information, date of the submission of the request and the response to the request, can be found in the Annex III of the Report.

The requests are either allowed or denied access by the Decision. Decision granting the request, or allowing access to required information, shall determine on how the information will be provided. Also, the decision determines the situation when the access to information is partly allowed and partly denied, regarding the same request.

The Parliament of Montenegro responds with the Conclusion if it dealt with the same request in the past, and the requestor had not corrected deficiencies to which he had been pointed out to within the deadline (four such requests during 2010).

Notifications are sent to the requestors in cases when the requested information had already been published and available to the public.

The Constitution of Montenegro, under its Article 51, and within the framework of the Political Rights and Freedoms Chapter, shall provide for the right of free access to information, in possession of both the state administration authorities and the organisations exercising public functions.

The right to access information may be restricted if this is in the interest of: the protection of life; public health; morality and privacy; carrying of criminal proceedings; security and defence of Montenegro; foreign, monetary and economic policy. Pursuant to the Law on Free Access to Information from 2005, the access to information in the possession of public administration authorities shall be vested in any national or international legal entity or individual. The Law is clear in stipulating that the publication of information in the possession of the public administration authorities is in the public interest.

Data on the requests for free access to information in 2010

No. of requests	No. of items	No. of decisions	No. of notifications	No. of conclusions
104	427	91	9	4

6.3. OPEN PARLIAMENT

COOPERATION WITH CIVIL SECTOR

The Parliament of Montenegro has continued cooperation with civil sector organisations during 2010, as part of different projects. This cooperation included the following:

Center for Democratic Transition (CDT)

The Center for Democratic Transition has been cooperating with the Parliament of Montenegro since July 2001. The most important segment of joint activities is the realisation of project "Open Parliament", having as the objective increase in transparency on the work of the Parliament as well as an increased participation of citizens in parliamentary activities. As part of this project a number of activities have been accomplished: visits of citizens to the Parliament, publication of the Performance Report 2008 and 2009, publication of the brochure How a Bill becomes a Law, with financial support of National Democratic Institute (NDI). In February, the Internship Programme for final year students has been continued. This Programme started in September 2003. As part of this program, ten students of the ninth generation of Internship Programme acquired knowledge and practical experience in the Parliament during the period March - July 2010.



Centre for the Children Rights of Montenegro

The cooperation with the Centre for the Rights of the Child of Montenegro has been continued in 2010 with the organisation of the Second Sitting of the Children's Parliament. 67 children, representatives of 19 elementary and 5 high schools in Montenegro participated in this event. The children's questions were answered by the President of the Parliament, the representatives of MPs Clubs and representatives of the Government of Montenegro.



Center for Development of Non-Governmental Organizations (CRNVO)

The Parliament of Montenegro has in cooperation with the Center for Development of Non-Governmental Organizations (CRNVO) organized the project on the "Improvement of Cooperation between Civil Society and the Parliament of Montenegro", with support of USAID/ORT. The project aims at strengthening the organizational and technical capacity of civil society organizations and the Parliament of Montenegro for mutual cooperation, and the main activity of the project was to create a database of NGOs, trade unions and individuals. This database has been installed on the computers of the corresponding employees in the Parliament, who mostly use it when calling civil sector representatives to attend committee meetings. The Working Group for drafting of the Agreement on Cooperation between the Parliament and Civil Society Organizations, engaged in democratization and protection of human and minority rights, has been formed also under the project on the "Improvement of Cooperation between Civil Society and the Parliament of Montenegro", financed by the European Union, and managed by the Delegation of the European Union in Montenegro, which will create an institutional framework for their future cooperation. Part of the project is also the organization of one-day seminars for all MPs, on "Participation of Citizens in the Development and Implementation of Public Policies - the Role of the Parliament".



European Movement in Montenegro

During 2010 a successful cooperation with the NGO European Movement in Montenegro has been continued, as part of the project "The Parliament for Europe". The project included provision of training for the parliamentary staff, particularly for the trainees, on topics related to monitoring the harmonization of national legislation with the law of the European Union, and using the experiences and practices of other EU Candidate Countries and EU Member States.



Network for Affirmation of NGO Sector (MANS)

The Parliament of Montenegro and MANS have established cooperation in February 2007. MANS publishes periodic reports on activities and transparency of the work of the Parliament. Since 2009, MANS conducts additional monitoring project of the realisation of the Budget of the Parliament. It also regularly submits the initiatives to committees of the Parliament, proposing the undertaking of concrete activities for the improvement of oversight of the work of executive branch of Montenegrin government.



Union of Associations of Parents of Children and Young with Disabilities "Naša inicijativa"

The Parliament of Montenegro has been cooperation with Union of Associations of Parents of Children and Young with Disabilities "Naša inicijativa" since the beginning of 2010. This cooperation is mainly achieved with parliamentary committees, and the member of the Committee on Human Rights and Freedoms, Committee on Economy, Finance and Budget, Committee on Education, Science, Culture and Sports held the meetings with the representatives of the Union during January and February 2010, with the aim of cooperation in solving the problems of children and young with disabilities and improving of their position in society. The Chairman of the Committee on Human Rights and Freedoms, Đorđije Pinjatić, had visited the Association of Parents of Children and Young with Disabilities "Razvitak" in Cetinje, while the continuation of cooperation with the Union had been realized with the visit of the delegation of the Committee on Economy, Finance and Budget in April, 2010. The President of the Parliament, Ranko Krivokapić, had also had the meeting with the delegation of the Union "Naša inicijativa". The cooperation established by the Union with parliamentary committees and ministries was discussed at the meeting, with the aim of improvement of the situation of children and young with disabilities, and proposal of measures for the improvement of the educational status of these children.



► The meeting of the members of the Committee on Economy, Finance and Budget with the representatives of "Naša inicijativa"



VISITS, EXIBITIONS AND OTHER EVENTS

During 2010, numerous individual and group visits of citizens to the Parliament of Montenegro, exhibitions and other events on different occasions:

- ▶ **13 May** – The President of the Parliament, Ranko Krivokapić, has received the group of 40 students from the Grammar School “Slobodan Škerović” from Podgorica, as part of the project “Open Parliament”. The visit was arranged as part of the school subject Civic Education. Students were familiarized with the work of the Parliament, its organization, competencies, functions and activities of working bodies and MPs Clubs.
- ▶ **9 July** – The President of the Parliament, Ranko Krivokapić, has opened the exhibition “Mass Graves in Bosnia”. Montenegro is the first country in the region that adopted the Declaration on the Acceptance of the Resolution of the European Parliament (EP) on Srebrenica, on 9 July 2009. The exhibition presented photographs from the scene of excavations of mass graves, and the documentary film about the work of the excavation of mass graves was played.
- ▶ **28 July** – The Vice-President of the Parliament, Rifat Rastoder, received the participants of the Summer School, which was organized by the Centre for Emigrants, in cooperation with the Institute for Education. Summer School participants are the children of Montenegrin emigrants in Turkey. The Vice-President said that this visit was the beginning of establishing links with a number of Montenegrin emigrants in Turkey, who would always be welcome to Montenegro.
- ▶ **30 October** – The President of the Parliament, Ranko Krivokapić has opened the exhibition of the best art works of the students of elementary and high schools, on the topic of “Peter I – Legislator and Reformer”. On that occasion he presented prizes to the best of two elementary school students, as well as two best works for high school students.
- ▶ **30 October** – The President of the Parliament, Ranko Krivokapić, has opened the exhibition “Montenegrin State and Dynastic Coats of Arms through the Ages”, by Dragan Krivokapić, which consists of 20 works. With the display of national, dynastic and royal coats of arms, from the first Montenegrin dynasty Vojislavljević to the modern coat of arms of Montenegro, the continuity of Montenegrin statehood has been represented in a certain way.

▶ Second Sitting of the Children's Parliament



► The collection of the Coats of arms in the Parliament of Montenegro



- **19 November** - the Second Sitting of the Children's Parliament was held in the Parliament, in cooperation with the Centre for the Children Rights of Montenegro.
- **29 November** – The President of the Parliament, Ranko Krivokapić, has presented awards for the “Ambassador of the Environment” to the members of the Green Parliamentary Group, as part of the regional Bells Movement. The group consists of MPs and representatives of civil society, who have expressed an interest in further education on issues related to environment protection, through the work of the group.
- **10 December** – The Parliament of Montenegro, in cooperation with the Youth Initiative for Human Rights and the International Organization Civil Rights Defenders opened an exhibition "Our Rights", by Elizabeth Ohlson, on the occasion of Human Rights Day. The display showed dozen of photos, by which the artist showed the violation of human rights throughout the world.

Apart from the above mentioned, the students from the Montenegro Business School, of the University of Mediterranean have completed professional training in July, in the Financial Affairs Bureau and in the Department for Public Relations, International Affairs and Protocol, while two students from the Law Faculty of the University of Montenegro have completed professional training on the Rules of Procedure of the Parliament of Montenegro in November, and attended the Plenary Session and meetings of the Constitutional Issues and Legislative Committee.

VII EXPERT, ADMINISTRATIVE AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT

In the past year, efforts have been made on the way to human resources strengthening and reorganization of the Parliamentary Service, with a clearer definition of job posts and duties of organizational units by adopting the new Rulebook on Organisation and Systematisation of the Service of the Parliament. A lot of attention was devoted to human resource development in 2010, vocational training of the Parliamentary Service, through various forms of trainings, and other activities that will contribute to greater efficiency in the work of the Service. This primarily refers to the innovations in the system of classification of documents and improvement of information technology as the support to processes in the Parliament, what you can read in this chapter about.

The adoption of the Law on Amendments to the Law on Budget and the Law on Amendments the Law on Civil Servants and Employees in July 2010 was very important for the improvement of the efficiency of the work of the Parliament and the conditions for the exercise of its functions. The adoption of mentioned laws provided that the funds from the Budget, that were allocated for the Parliament, can be used in accordance with the expected dynamics, and the independence of Parliament to manage its human resources and their development has been secured, as well as the independence on the part of hiring personnel needed, which allows further human resources strengthening of the Parliamentary Service.

7.1. HUMAN RESOURCES

The new Rulebook on Organisation and Systematisation of the Service of the Parliament has been adopted in 2010, that made changes to the internal organization, by establishing new organizational units: Department for Recording and Broadcasting of the Parliamentary Sessions, Human Resources Management Bureau, Internal Audit Unit (in accordance with the Law on Internal Financial Control System in the Public Sector) and Public Procurement Bureau. Description of most jobs and job posts has been defined in detail in order to provide higher quality of work and responsibilities of parliamentary staff. Description of the jobs of employees who will handle classified information, as defined in accordance with the Law on Data Confidentiality and related laws, impose a significant investment in the Parliament of Montenegro, in order to ensure compliance with technical requirements for ensuring data confidentiality. The Organizational Chart has been changed with the adoption of the new Rulebook. The Annexes IV contains the Parliamentary Service Organization Chart.

In the field of human resources development in the Parliament of Montenegro, apart from the development and adopting of the new Rulebook on Organisation and Systematisation of the Service of the Parliament, other activities have been carried out, such as: the detailed SWOT Analysis of the Parliamentary Service, production of the Three-Year Human Resources Development Strategy and Strategic Plan, as well as the preparation of the Human Resources Guidelines and Management Development Program in the Department of the Parliamentary Service.

YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF PARLIAMENT STAFF	NO. OF CIVIL SERVANTS	NO. OF STATE EMPLOYEES
31.12.2009.	87 ⁷	31	48
31.12.2010.	92 ⁸	36	33

Human Resources Management Bureau continuously keeps records of all trainings and attendants and evaluates conducted trainings. Numerous trainings have been conducted in 2010 for the parliament staff, in collaboration with the Human Resources Administration (HRA) of Montenegro, 45 different trainings, which were an integral part of the training curriculum of the HRA for 2010, and 5 trainings not the part of the curriculum for 2010. Human Resources Management Bureau has provided all parliament staff, who have expressed interest, the opportunity to attend these trainings. Trainings and specialization have been provided in collaboration with other domestic, foreign and international organizations (Annex V gives detailed review of conducted trainings in 2010).

The adoption of Human Resources Development Strategy has been planned for the next year, the adoption of Human Resources Guidelines, the adoption of Management Development Program, assessment of training needs, continuous monitoring of the needs for the development of individuals, as well as further specialization.

One of significant innovations introduced by the new Rulebook on Organisation and Systematisation of the Service of the Parliament, is the formation of Department for Research, Analysis, Library and Document Management, within which the parliament research team is being developed, that represents a significant contribution to the quality of professional support to MPs by the Parliamentary Service. Two research projects have been conducted so far, and they can be found on the Parliamentary Website, and the "News from the EU Institutions" have been regularly prepared since May, and distributed to all MPs and parliament staff. In December 2010 internal acts regulating all matters and procedures, starting from the submission of the request for research until its publication have been prepared, and its adoption is scheduled for the beginning of the next year.

7.2. DOCUMENT MANAGEMENT

During 2010 significant progress has been made in the Parliamentary Service in establishing a more efficient overall document management system, primarily parliamentary acts, as for the provision of better support to MPs in the legislative process, especially given the upcoming stages in the EU integration process.

New Rules on Office Management in the Parliament have been adopted, precisely regulating all procedures related to receiving mail, mail form, filing, sorting and scheduling of materials and documents, their records, forwarding, archiving and preservation until the handover to the Archives Department of the Parliament.

⁷ this number includes trainees and one employee who qualified for the salary (7 trainees and one employee with the right to the salary)

⁸ this number includes the Secretary General, the Deputy Secretary General, the Chief of the Cabinet of the President, Assistant to the Secretary General, advisors to the President and Vice-Presidents and trainees (one Secretary General, one Deputy Secretary General, one Chief of the Cabinet of the President, one Assistant to the Secretary General, eight advisors to the President and Vice-Presidents and 11 trainees)

After an extensive analysis of current and future needs, the new Classification Plan According to Content has been adopted, that has been formally applied since 1 January 2011, but its trial application was started in 2010. The Plan enables precise classification of all documents received by the Registry Office, for their further efficient archiving and use. Likewise, more efficient preparation of the Parliament for the upcoming negotiations will be enabled, as well as for the future membership of Montenegro in the EU.

The introduction of two more innovations has been prepared in this period, that will contribute to more efficient monitoring of parliamentary acts, especially with the means of the upcoming upgrade of the information system, and easier search for parliament documents by external users. Namely, these determine abbreviations for each parliamentary act, as well as the record labels for the parliamentary act (EPA), which will be an integral part of the act, which is published in the Official Gazette of Montenegro.

The Parliament of Montenegro received Licences for the translation and use of Eurovoc Thesaurus from the authorized Publications Office of the European Union, that is the multidisciplinary, multilingual glossary covering all activities of the EU, in particular the European Parliament, and containing terms in 22 languages of EU Member States, as well as Croatian and Serbian. Given that the legislation of the European Parliament and parliamentary acts of all EU countries are indexed by Eurovoc descriptors, using the same descriptors for the laws and acts adopted by the Parliament of Montenegro will provide an opportunity of easy comparison with the corresponding regulations in EU and other countries, which can be particularly important in the process of harmonization with EU legislation in the accession negotiations. This way users of the documentation of the Parliament of Montenegro, primarily MPs and parliament staff, but also the external users introduction of unambiguous Eurovoc descriptors will facilitate and accelerate the search for documents.

7.3. INFORMATIONAL TECHNOLOGY

In 2010 the project Supply and Installation of Equipment for the Plenary Hall of the Parliament of Montenegro in Podgorica" was completed. We would like to remind that the realization of the project has started in August 2009, Public Works Directorate was the investor, and the total project cost was 578.720,09 €. With the realization of this project the Parliament of Montenegro has obtained the Plenary Hall equipped with latest audio-visual equipment, which significantly contributed to improvement of the transparency of the Parliament (independent TV broadcasts, complete public voting with graphic review, access to listings of voting, etc.).

Thanks to modern technology, the Parliament of Montenegro started live TV broadcasts of parliamentary sessions on 3 March 2010 with its own capacities.

Parliamentary TV signal, by the Montenegrin Broadcasting Center, is made available to all interested TV stations that have the technical capacity to download the signal, while other TV stations are provided with record (download) of the materials in the journalists lodge.

It has also been enabled the beginning of the broadcast of parliamentary session on the Internet (live - streaming) in June, which significantly contributed to the transparency of the Parliament.

In 2010 the IT Department has implemented the project of segregation of the computer network at the physical and logical level. With this project and the initialization of modern information and communication equipment, security information system was raised to a level that meets all standards and criteria in this field. Within the project the services DNS, AD, File Server, and Wi-Fi were implemented, and entire parliament building has been covered with quality wireless Internet signal.

Further upgrade of the Website of the Parliament has been planned for the following year. In addition, activities in the field of information technology improvement during 2010, i.e. above mentioned projects, have provided the necessary precondition for the introduction of eDMS, i.e. introducing of eParliament.

► Home page of the Parliament of Montenegro Website



www.skupstina.me

Aktuelnosti Linkovi Kontakt Mapa sajta

Skupština Crne Gore

NASLOVNA ZAKONI I DRUGI AKTI ŠEDNICE SKUPŠTINE ŠEDNICE RADNIH TIJELA Pretraga sajta

» O Skupštini
» Izborni sistem

USTAV CRNE GORE
POSLOVNIK SKUPŠTINE

» Predsjednik
» Potpredsjednici
» Poslanici i poslanice
» Generalni sekretar
» Služba Skupštine
» Radna tijela

» Evropska unija
» NATO
» Međunarodna saradnja
» Cetinjski parlamentarni forum

» Statistika
» Jačanje kapaciteta

Aktuelnosti

03.03.2010. 18:00
Druga šednica drugog redovnog zasijedanja (prvi dan)
Završena rasprava o tri predloga zakona
Više...

02.03.2010. 16:35
Održana prva šednica prvog redovnog zasijedanja u 2010. godini
Usvojeno petnaest predloga zakona
Više... Foto galerija

01.03.2010. 16:11
Održan nastavak 15. šednice Odbora za bezbjednost i odbranu
Razmotrena dva predloga zakona
Više... Foto galerija

01.03.2010. 15:45
Održana 16. šednica Odbora za međunarodne odnose i evropske integracije
Šednica je bila posvećena aktuelnim pitanjima spoljne politike Crne Gore
Više... Foto galerija

Današnje aktivnosti

Govor predsjednika Krivokapića povodom dodjele nagrada
Mjesto: Uprava za kadrove
Vrijeme: 12:00

33. šednica Odbora za ljudska prava i slobode
Mjesto: Crveni salon
Vrijeme: 11:00

Najave aktivnosti »

» Multimedija
» Publikacije
» Press Clipping
» Anketa

Koju stranicu najčešće posjećujete?

☐ Radna tijela
☐ Poslanici i poslanice
☐ Aktivnosti

» Pitanja

VIII FINANCE

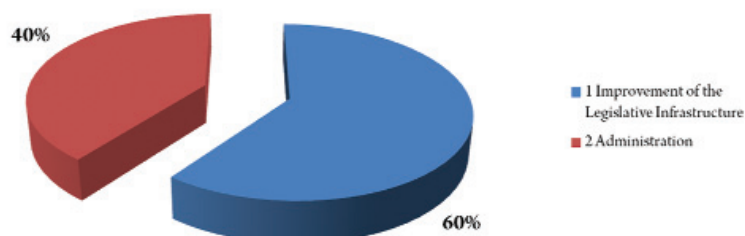
The Law on Budget of Montenegro for 2010 envisaged the funds in the amount of 5.102.180,79€, for the Parliament of Montenegro, and that for the following programmes:

- ▶ Programme: Improvement of the Legislative Infrastructure - 3.078.452,97€;
- ▶ Programme: Administration - 2.023.727, 82€.

Total amount of expenditures of the current Budget of the Parliament of Montenegro for the period 1 January 2010 – 31 December 2010 were 4.896.331,21 €.

- ▶ Programme: Improvement of the Legislative Infrastructure - 2.984.618, 76 €.
- ▶ Programme: Administration - 1.911.712, 45 €.

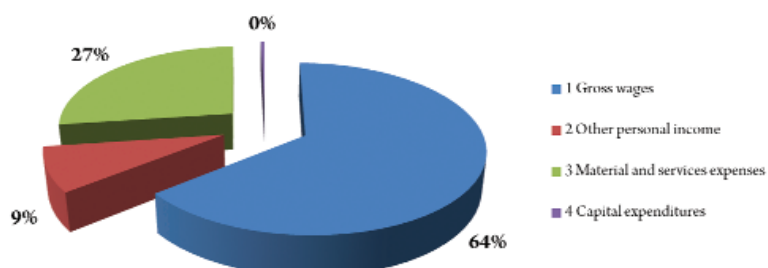
Breakdown of the Budget of the Parliament of Montenegro for 2010 according to programmes



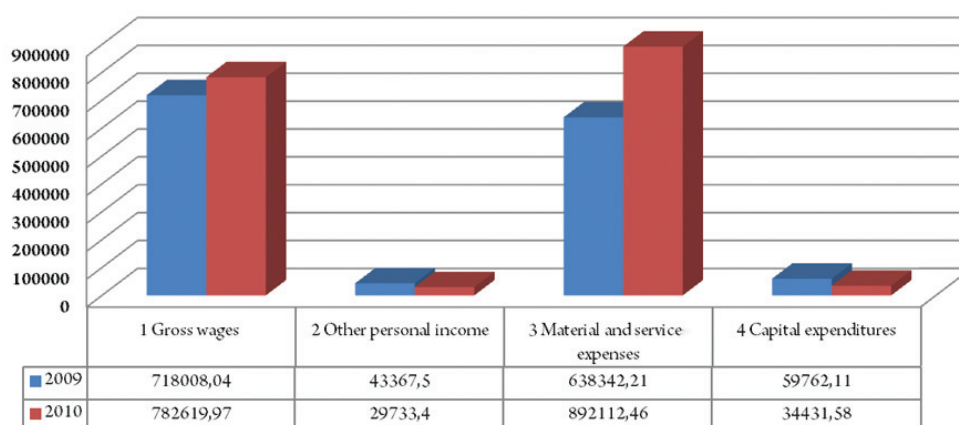
8.1. PROGRAMME: IMPROVEMENT OF THE LEGISLATIVE INFRASTRUCTURE

Approved funds allocated for the Programme: Improvement of the Legislative Infrastructure for 2010 were 3.078.452,97€, while expenditures were 2.944.937,40€ or 95,66% of the total amount of approved funds for this programme.

Breakdown of the execution of the Budget of the Parliament of Montenegro for 2010 for the Programme: Improvement of the Legislative Infrastructure



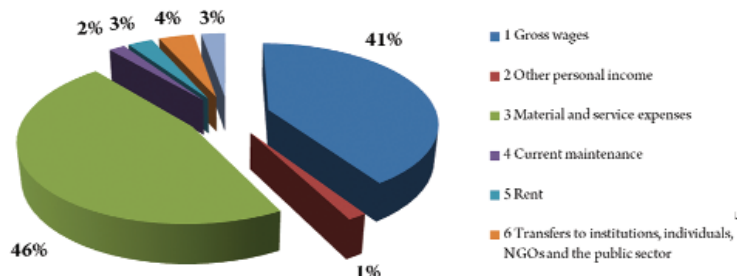
Execution inside the Programme: Improvement of the Legislative Infrastructure for 2010 in comparison to the amount in 2009



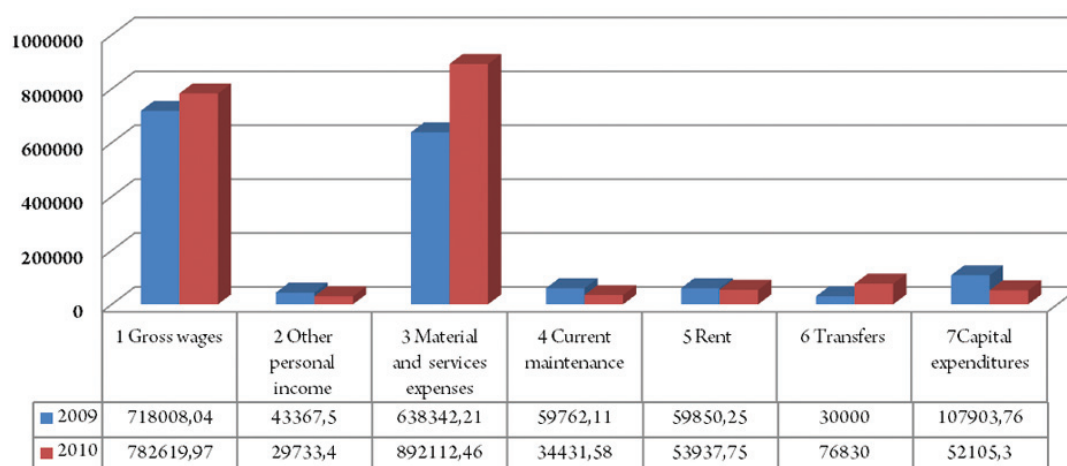
8.2. PROGRAMME: ADMINISTRATION

The planned amount of funds allocated for the Programme: Administration for 2010 were 2.023.727,82€, while the expenditures by 31 December 2010 were 1.921.770,46€ or 94,96% of the total amount of approved funds for this programme.

Breakdown of the execution of the Budget of the Parliament of Montenegro for 2010 for the Programme: Administration



Execution inside the Programme: Administration for 2010 in comparison to the amount in 2009



Annex VI contains the Table on the spent funds in 2010.

IX ANNEXES

ANNEX I: LIST OF ADOPTED LAWS

1ST ORDINARY SESSION

1st Sitting of the First Ordinary Session:

1. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Census of Agriculture in 2009;
2. Law on Ratification of the European Convention on Nationality;
3. Law on Ratification of the Council of Europe Convention on the Avoidance of Statelessness in Relation to State Succession;
4. Law on Ratification of the Protocol on Amendments to the European Convention on the Suppression of Terrorism;
5. Law on Ratification of Agreement between the Government of Montenegro and the Council of Ministers of Bosnia and Herzegovina on the Return and Acceptance of People whose Entry or Stay is Illegal;
6. Law on Ratification of Agreement between the Governments of Montenegro and the Republic of Croatia on the Return and Acceptance of People whose Entry or Stay is Illegal;
7. Law on Ratification of Memorandum of Understanding on the Institutional Framework for the Initiative on the Prevention and Preparedness for Disasters in Southeast Europe;
8. Law on Ratification of Final Acts of the Regional Conference on Radio Communications for the Planning of Digital Terrestrial Broadcasting Service in Parts of Regions 1 and 3, of 174-230 MHz and 470-862 MHz Frequency Bands (RRC-06);
9. Law on Ratification of the Protocol on Amendments and Supplements to Certain Parts of the Regional Agreement for the European Broadcasting Zone (Stockholm, 1961), with Resolutions (RRC-06-REV. p.61);
10. Law on Ratification of Amendments to Article XII (S) (II) of the Agreement on International Telecommunications Satellite Organization (ITSO);
11. Law on Ratification of Amendments and Supplements to the Convention on International Mobile Satellite Organization (IMSO);
12. Law on Ratification of Final Acts of the Regional Administrative Conference for the Planning of Maritime Mobile and Eero-nautical Radio Navigation Services in medium frequencies (MF) (Region 1);
13. Law on Ratification of the Agreement between the Government of Montenegro and the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine on Mutual Assistance in Customs Matters;
14. Law on Ratification of the International Treaty on Food and Agriculture Plant Genetic Resources;
15. Law on Ratification of the Joint Convention on the Safety of Spent Fuel Management and on the Safety of Radioactive Waste Management;

2nd Sitting of the First Ordinary Session:

16. Law on Employment and Exercising of Unemployment Insurance Rghits;
17. Law on Sanitary Inspection;
18. Law on the Intake and Use of Biological Samples;
19. Law on Information Security;
20. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Health Care;
21. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Protection of Population from Infectious Diseases;

4th Sitting of the First Ordinary Session:

22. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Pension and Disability Insurance;



5th Sitting of the First Ordinary Session:

23. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Criminal Code;
24. Law on Protection of Genetic Data;
25. Law on Energetics;
26. Law on Energy Efficiency;
27. Law on Patient Health Care;
28. Law on Air Protection;
29. Law on Hydro Meteorological Operations;
30. Law on Hydrograph Activities;
31. Law on Flammable Liquids and Gases;
32. Law on Voluntary Work;
33. Law on Trade Union Representation;
34. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Protection at Work;
35. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Protection of Persons and Property;
36. Law on Ratification of the Agreement on the Establishment of the Conference of European Postal and Telecommunications Administration (CEPT);
37. Law on Ratification of the Tampere Convention on the Provision of Telecommunication Resources for Disaster Mitigation and Relief Operations;
38. Law on Ratification of Instruments that Complement the Constitution of the International Telecommunication Union (Geneva, 1992) and the Convention of the International Telecommunication Union (Geneva, 1992), that are Supplemented by Plenipotentiary Conferences (Kyoto, 1994; Minneapolis, 1998; Marrakech, 2002) and Adopted by the Conference of Commissioners (Antalya, 2006);
39. Law on Ratification of the Convention on the Establishment of the European Communications Office (ECO);
40. Law on Ratification of Final Acts of the Regional Administrative Conference for the Planning of VHF sound broadcasting (Region 1 and Part of Region 3) (Geneva, 1984);
41. Law on the Confirmation of the Statute of the International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA);

6th Sitting of the First Ordinary Session:

42. Constitutional Law on Amendments to the Constitutional Law for the Enforcement of the Constitution of Montenegro;

8th Sitting of the First Ordinary Session:

43. Law on the Patient Rights;
44. Law on Medications;
45. Law on the Improvement of the Business Environment;
46. Law on the Control of Precious Metal Objects;
47. Law on Research and Production of Hydrocarbons;
48. Law on Contractual Relations in the Railway Transport;
49. Law on Census of Population, Households and Dwellings in 2011;
50. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Montenegrin Citizenship;
51. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Civil Registers;
52. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Registers of Permanent and Habitual Residence;
53. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Central Register of Population;
54. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Electronic Signature;
55. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Electronic Commerce;
56. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Data Confidentiality;
57. Law on Ratification of the Agreement on Economic Cooperation between the Governments of Montenegro and the Republic of Serbia;
58. Law on Ratification of the Agreement between Montenegro and the Republic of Serbia on the Mutual Promotion and Protection of Investments;
59. Law on Ratification of the Agreement on Economic Cooperation between the Governments of Montenegro and the Republic of Turkey;
60. Law on Ratification of the Agreement between Montenegro and the Republic of Italy on the Construction of Submarine

- Electric Power Transmission Network Interconnection between Montenegro and the Republic of Italy, with the Realisation of the Strategic Partnership of Transmission System Operators;
61. Law on Ratification of the Final Protocol to the World Postal Convention;
 62. Law on Ratification of the Universal Postal Convention Rolebook;
 63. Law on Ratification of the Seventh Additional Protocol to the Constitution of the Universal Postal Union;
 64. Law on Ratification of the Final Acts of the Regional Administrative Conference for the Planning of the Maritime Mobile and Air Radionavigation Service (Radio Beacons) in the European Maritime Area;
 65. Law on Ratification of the European Outline Convention on Transfrontier Cooperation between Territorial Communities or Authorities, Additional Protocol to the European Outline Convention on Transfrontier Cooperation between Territorial Communities or Authorities and Protocol No.2 to the European Outline Convention on Transfrontier Cooperation between Territorial Communities or Authorities;
 66. Law on Ratification of the Additional Protocol to the European Charter on Local Self-Government on the Right to participate in the Affairs of Local Authorities;
 67. Law on Ratification of the European Convention on the Exercise of Children's Rights;
 68. Law on Ratification of the Agreement between the Government of Montenegro and the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Albania on the Restoration, Repair and Maintenance of Pyramids, the Space between Pyramids and Other Boundary Marks along the Montenegrin-Albanian Border;

10th Sitting of the First Ordinary Session:

69. Law on the Financial Stability Council;
70. Law on the Protection of Deposit;
71. Law on the Central Bank of Montenegro;
72. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Banks;
73. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Bankruptcy and Liquidation of Banks;
74. Law on Protection of Cultural Property;
75. Law on Archive Activities;
76. Law on Museum Activities;
77. Law on Library Activities;
78. Law on Electronic Media;
79. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Electronic Communications;
80. Law on Foreign Affairs;
81. Law on Prohibition of Discrimination;
82. Law on Protection against Domestic Violence;
83. Law on Amnesty of Persons Convicted of Criminal Offenses Prescribed by Laws of Montenegro and Persons Convicted by Foreign Criminal Sentence, that shall be Executed in Montenegro;
84. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Code of Criminal Procedure;
85. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the General Law on Education;
86. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Higher Education;
87. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Primary Education;
88. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Vocational Education;
89. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Grammar School;
90. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Education of Children with Disabilities;
91. Law on Supplements to the Law on the Budget;
92. Law on Amendments to the Law on Civil Servants and Employees;
93. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Financing of Political Parties;

2ND ORDINARY SESSION

1st Sitting of the Second Ordinary Session:

94. Law on Tourism;
95. Law on Ratification of the Agreement between the Governments of Montenegro and the Republic of Slovenia on Cooperation in Protection against Natural and Other Disasters;

2nd Sitting of the Second Ordinary Session:

- 96. Law on Ratification of the European Convention on Inapplicability of Statute on Limitation on Crimes against Humanity and War Crimes;
- 97. Law on Ratification of the Council of Europe Convention on the Protection of Children against Sexual Exploitation and Sexual Abuse;
- 98. Law on Livestock;
- 99. Law on Housing Cooperatives;
- 100. Law on Trademarks;
- 101. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on the Capital;
- 102. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Identity Card;
- 103. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Professional Rehabilitation and Employment of Disabled Persons;
- 104. Law on amendments to the Laws and Regulations regarding the Constitutional Changes in the Name of the State;
- 105. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Identification and Registration of Animals;
- 106. Law on Ratification of the Agreement between the Governments of Montenegro and the Republic of Kosova on Mutual Assistance in Customs Matters;

5th Sitting of the Second Ordinary Session:

- 107. Law on Final Account of the Budget of Montenegro for 2009, with the Audit Reports of the Final Account of the Budget of Montenegro for 2009 and Annual Report on Audit Activity of the State Audit Institution of Montenegro for the period October 2009 - October 2010;
- 108. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Minority Rights and Freedoms;
- 109. Law on Forestry;
- 110. Law on Protection of Topographies of Semiconductor Products;
- 111. Law on the Use and Protection of the Mark and Name of the Red Cross;
- 112. Law on Working Hours and Breaks during the Working Hours of Mobile Workers and Equipment for the Recording in Road Transport;
- 113. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Census of Population, Households and Dwellings in 2011;
- 114. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Transport in Road Traffic;
- 115. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on State Awards;
- 116. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Theater Activities;
- 117. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on the Army of Montenegro;
- 118. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on the Local Government Financing;
- 119. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Property Tax;
- 120. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Consolidated Registration and Reporting on Billing and Collection of Taxes and Contributions;;
- 121. Law on Ratification of the Treaty between Montenegro and Bosnia and Herzegovina on Legal Aid for Civic and Criminal Matters;
- 122. Law on Ratification of the Treaty between Montenegro and Bosnia and Herzegovina on Mutual Execution of Court Rulings in Criminal Matters;
- 123. Law on Ratification of the Agreement between Montenegro and the Kingdom of Belgium on Social Security;
- 124. Law on Ratification of the Agreement between Montenegro and the Republic of Austria on Social Security with Administrative Agreement on Enforcement of the Agreement between Montenegro and the Republic of Austria on Social Security;
- 125. Law on Ratification of the Agreement between the Governments of Montenegro and the Hellenic Republic on the Co-operation in Protection of Natural and Induced Disasters;

7th Sitting of the Second Ordinary Session:

- 126. Law on the Budget of Montenegro for 2011;
- 127. Law on the Scientific Research;
- 128. Law on Misdemeanor;
- 129. Law on Bankruptcy;
- 130. Law on Legal Protection of Industrial Design;
- 131. Law on Housing and Residential Buildings Maintenance;

132. Law on Ratification of the Convention of the International Work Organization No. 183 on Maternity Protection;
133. Law on Ratification of the Treaty between Montenegro and the Republic of Croatia on Extradiction;
134. Law on Ratification of the Agreement between the Government of Montenegro and the Council of Minister of the Republic of Albania on Return and Receiving of Persons whose Entry or Stay is Illegal;
135. Law on Ratification of the Agreement on RACVIAC - Centre for Security Cooperation;
136. Law on Ratification of the Universal Postal Convention and Final Protocol to the Universal Postal Convention;
137. Law on Ratification of the Eighth Additional Protocol to the Constitution of the Universal Postal Union, Geneva 2008;
138. Law on Ratification of the First Additional Protocol with the General Rulebook of the Universal Postal Union, Geneva 2008;
139. Law on Ratification of the Agreement on Postal Financial Services, Geneva 2008;
140. Law on Ratification of the Amendment to the European Agreement concerning the Work of Crews of Vehicles Engaged in International Road Transport (AETR);
141. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Ratification of the Multilateral Agreement between the European Community and its Member States: the Republic of Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Republic of Bulgaria, the Republic of Croatia, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, the Republic of Iceland, Montenegro, the Kingdom of Norway, Romania, the Republic of Serbia and the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo on the Establishment of European Common Aviation area (ECAA Agreement);
142. Law on Ratification on Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants;
143. Law on Ratification of the Protocol on the Amendments and Supplements to the Vienna Convention on Civil Liability for Nuclear Damage;
144. Law on Ratification of the Agreement on Conservation of Bats in Europe;
145. Law on Ratification of the Agreement on the Conservation of African-Eurasian Migratory Waterbirds (AEWA);
146. Law on Ratification of the Agreement between the Government of Montenegro and the International Atomic Energy Agency on the Implementation of Safeguards in Connection with the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, the Additional Protocol to the Agreement between Montenegro and the International Atomic Energy Agency on the Implementation of Safeguards in Connection with the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and Protocol to the Agreement between Montenegro and the International Agency for Atomic Energy on the Implementation of Safeguards in Connection with the Constitution of the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons;
147. Law on Parliamentary Oversight of Defense and Security Sector;
148. Law on the National Framework of Qualifications;
149. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Preschool Education;
150. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Pension and Disability Insurance;
151. Law on the Supplements to the Law on Compensation of Pension and Disability Insurance;
152. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Contributions for the Compulsory Social Insurance;
153. Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Excises;

9th Sitting of the Second Ordinary Session:

154. Constitutional Law on Amendments to the Constitutional Law for the Implementation of the Constitution of Montenegro.

ANNEX II: PARTICIPATION ON INTERNATIONAL MEETINGS

Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe Winter Session

25-29 January, Strasbourg, France

Members of the delegation: Predrag Sekulić, Ervin Spahić, Obrad Gojković

This session was marked with issues relating to the situation in the Middle East, actions against trafficking of people, media freedom and functioning of democratic institutions in Albania and Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Sub-regional Workshop on Gender Statistics

25-29 January, Strasbourg, France

Members of the delegation: Predrag Sekulić, Ervin Spahić, Obrad Gojković

This session was marked with issues relating to the situation in the Middle East, actions against trafficking of people, media freedom and functioning of democratic institutions in Albania and Bosnia and Herzegovina.

OSCE Parliamentary Assembly Winter Session

17-20 February, Vienna, Austria

Members of the delegation: Ranko Krivokapić, Predrag Sekulić, Goran Danilović

Third Conference of Secretaries General of parliaments of the Western Balkans

14-16 March, Bečići, Montenegro

Members of the delegation: Damir Davidović

During the meeting views on various aspects of the parliamentary budget were exchanged, with the aim of improving budgetary practices, views on the experiences of the parliaments in the region, as well as solutions of Slovenian, Dutch, British and Czech parliaments.

PACE Monitoring Committee meeting

17 March, Paris, France

Members of the delegation: Predrag Sekulić, Obrad Gojković

On the agenda - consideration of the Draft Report on Compliance with Obligations, that Montenegro assumed with the membership in the Council of Europe.

Budgetary Power of Parliaments Seminar

23-24 March, Brussels, Belgium

Members of the delegation: Aleksandar Damjanović, Radoje Žugić

During the seminar, members of parliaments of the Western Balkans countries and MEPs exchanged experiences on budgetary procedures and parliamentary scrutiny of the budget.

122nd Assembly of the Inter-Parliamentary Union

27 March – 1 April, Bangkok, Thailand

Members of the delegation: Damir Davidović, Dušanka Džakula Tušup

On the agenda - Parliament at the Heart of Political Reconciliation and Good Governance

Chairwoman of the Gender Equality Committee in the visit to National Commission for Women in India

8 April, Delhi, India

Members of the delegation: Nada Drobnjak

Chairwoman of the National commission, dr Girija Vyas, informed Mrs Drobnjak of the level of realisation of human rights of women in India

Open Parliaments - Transparency and Accountability of Parliaments in South-East Europe Conference

21. april, Sofia Bulgaria

Members of the delegation: Aleksandar Bogdanović

IX Cetinje Parliamentary Forum

25-27 April, Bečići, Montenegro

Members of the delegation: members of the Committee on International relations and European Integration

The topic of CPF: The Parliament's Role in Combating Corruption and Organized Crime

Study visit to the Parliament of Saxony

25 – 30 April, Saxony, Germany

Members of the delegation: Aleksandar Damjanović, Radoje Žugić, Radoica Luburić, Veljko Zarubica, Dragoslav Šćekić, Branko Radulović, Damir Šehović, Radojica Živković.

During the visit parliamentarians exchanged their experiences, and MPs had the opportunity to be directly acquainted with the work of the Committee on Economy, Labour and Transport, Committee on Finance and Budget, Ministry of Finance, Union of Municipalities and Cities of Saxony, as well as with the Saxon Agency for the Improvement of Economy.

Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe Spring Session

26 – 30 April, Strasbourg, France

Members of the delegation: Predrag Sekulić, Obrad Gojković

This session was marked with issues relating to the consequences of economic crisis and its impact on various spheres of social and economic life.

Simposium on Women and Security

27 April, Zagreb, Croatia

Members of the delegation: Nada Drobnjak

The aim of the symposium was to establish best practice in this area through an open discussion and define methods to achieve greater representation of women in the peacebuilding process.

8th Conference of the Speakers of Parliaments of Adriatic-Ionian Initiative Countries

28-29 April, Bari, Italy

The topics of the Conference: "The Parliamentary Cooperation in the AII Region with the Aim of Encouraging European Integration of Western Balkans" and "The Preservation and Promotion of the Adriatic Sea as the Factor in Cultural and Tourism Development in the Region". The Conference was the final meeting, organized in the frameworks of the Italian Presidency over the AII, taken over by Montenegro in May.

The Western Balkans Parliamentary Forum on Small Arms and Light Weapons

12 May, Belgrade, Serbia

Members of the delegation: Vasilije Lalošević, Obrad Mišo Stanišić, Goran Danilović, Slaviša Šćekić

The aim of the meeting – informing the members of various international initiatives in this area, as to assist them in performing control over arms export.

NATO Parliamentary Assembly Spring Session

28 May – 1 June, Riga, Latvia

Members of the delegation: Dragan Đurović, Borislav Banović, Vasilije Lalošević

Session of the Parliamentary Assembly of Black Sea Economic Initiative (PABSEC)

1-3 June, Belgrade, Serbia

Members of the delegation: Miodrag Vuković

General topic - The Role of Parliaments in Strengthening the Principles of International Law



Conference of the Speakers of the SEECP Parliaments

7 June, Antalya, Turkey

Members of the delegation: Miodrag Vuković

Topics of the Conference – Strengthening of Institutional Network for Parliamentary Cooperation in South East Europe and Fighting the Negative Effects of the Global Economic Crisis

European Conference of Presidents of Parliaments of the Member States of the Council of Europe

11 June, Limassol, Cyprus

Members of the delegation: Ranko Krivokapić, Damir Davidović

Topics of the Conference – The Rights and Obligations of the Opposition in Parliament and The National Parliaments and the International Protection of Human Rights

X Cetinje Parliamentary Forum and III OSCE Regional Women Parliamentarians Meeting

20 – 22 June, Cetinje, Montenegro

Members of the delegation: members of the Gender Equality Committee and the Committee on International relations and European Integration

The topic of CPF: Women, Peace and Security, dedicated to the implementation of the United Nations Security Council Resolution 1325

Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe Summer Session

21 – 25 June, Strasbourg, France

Members of the delegation: Predrag Sekulić, Ervin Spahić, Obrad Gojković

Visit of the Parliamentary Friendship Group to the Parliamentary Assembly of Bosnia and Herzegovina

24 – 25 June, Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina

Members of the delegation: Rifat Rastoder, Branka Tanasijević, Vasilije Lalošević, Branko Radulović, PhD, Radojica Živković, Dr Amer Halilović

The delegation of the Parliament of Montenegro was received by the members of the Friendship Group of the Parliamentary Assembly of Bosnia and Herzegovina for the Cooperation with Neighbouring Countries, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Sven Alkalaj, the Chairman of the Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Haris Silajdžić, the Deputy Chairman of the House of Representatives, Beriz Belkić and the Deputy Chairman of the House of Peoples, Ilija Filipović. The members of the Montenegrin delegation exchanged views related to different topics, and the main focus were the issues such as – control function of the Parliament, transport and rail infrastructure (the construction of Plužine-Foča motorway; railway Podgorica-Sarajevo), the possibility of the realization of joint projects in the area of agriculture, issue of representation of women, etc. During the visit, special attention was paid to the necessity of regional cooperation, as well as for the strengthening of further cooperation between the two countries.

Parliamentary Oversight of the Security Sector

28 June, Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina

Members of the delegation: Obrad Mišo Stanišić

The topic: Positive Experiences and Examples of Parliamentary Committees on Security in Southeast Europe

Annual Session of the OSCE Parliamentary Assembly

6 – 10 July, Oslo, Norway

Members of the delegation: Aleksandar Bogdanović, Slaven Radulović

The topic: The Rule of Law - Fight against Transnational Crime and Corruption

Conference of the Parliamentary Bodies for Supervision of the Intelligence and Security Services of Southeast Europe

7 – 8 July, Zagreb, Croatia

Members of the delegation: Fahrudin Hadrović

The participants of the conference presented with different models of parliamentary oversight

International Electoral Affairs Symposium of the Centre for Parliamentary Studies

14 – 15 July, Brussels, Belgium

Members of the delegation: Miodrag Vuković

Legal solutions and the Montenegrin experience in the field of election legislation were presented, and the participants had the opportunity to discuss the role of technology in election process

V Croatia Summit

10 July, Dubrovnik, Croatia

Members of the delegation: Miodrag Vuković

The topic: Southeastern Europe in the Face of Global Challenges. The discussions were also held on the issues of economy, global security and the future of the region

Study visit of the Gender Equality Committee to the Republic of Croatia

26 – 27 September, Zagreb, Croatia

Members of the delegation: Nada Drobnjak, Valentina Radulović-Šćepanović, Husnija Šabović, Hidajeta Bajramspahić, Snežana Jonica, Nataša Vuković, Radojica Živković

During the visit meetings with the members of the Gender Equality Committee of the Croatian Parliament were organized, with the Head of the Office for Gender Equality of Government of the Republic of Croatia and with the Gender Equality Ombudsperson, in order to improve understanding on the implementation of gender policy and the exchange of experiences and knowledge on effective mechanisms for achieving gender equality

Judicial and Public Administration Seminar

29 – 30 September

Members of the delegation: Ervin Spahić, Snežana Jonica, Drago Čantrić

Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe Autumn Session

4 – 8 October, Strasbourg, France

Members of the delegation: Predrag Sekulić, Valentina Radulović-Šćepanović, Džavid Šabović, Ervin Spahić, Obrad Gojković

On the agenda: discussions on Roma people, human rights, children's rights, the fight against extremism, the debate on the activities of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) and the CE Development Bank

Meeting of the Association of Secretaries General of Parliaments of UN Countries

4 – 6 October, Geneva, Switzerland

Members of the delegation: Damir Davidović

The topic of the expose of the Secretary General: Parliamentary Autonomy in Montenegro

Annual Session of the Inter-Parliamentary Union

4 – 6 October, Geneva, Switzerland

Members of the delegation: Damir Davidović

The topic: Strengthening of the ties between parliaments and citizens

OSCE Parliamentary Assembly Autumn Session

8 – 11 October, Palermo, Italy

Members of the delegation: Ranko Krivokapić, Aleksandar Bogdanović, Goran Danilović

The topic: The Rule of Law - Fight against Transnational Crime and Corruption

Study visit of the Security and Defence Committee and the Committee on Human Rights and Freedoms to the Parliament of Norway – the Storting

10-13 October, Oslo, Norway

Members of the delegation: Radivoje Nikčević, Obrad Mišo Stanišić, Raško Konjević, Predrag Bulatović, Goran Danilović, Đorđe Pinjatić, Husnija Šabović, Ljerka Dragičević, Snežana Jonica, Koča Pavlović.



75. Rose-Roth Seminar

19-21 October, Skopje, Macedonia

Members of the delegation: Borislav Banović

The topic: Current political, economic and security situation in Southeast Europe, with special attention paid to national reform strategies and Euro-Atlantic Integration

Parliamentary Forum Meeting on Arms Export Controls for the Western Balkans

29 October, Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina

Members of the delegation: Obrad Mišo Stanišić, Fahrudin Hadrović, Goran Danilović

Second Joint Meeting of Committees for European Integration of Parliaments of Montenegro and the Republic of Albania

5-7 November, Bečići, Montenegro

Members of the delegation: members of the Committee on International Relations and European Integration

The members of the two committees discussed the topics concerning the issues of roles and responsibilities of both the parliaments and committees in the integration process, and the issue of communication strategy in integration process

An official visit to the Parliament of Ukraine

8-11 November, Kiev, Ukraine

Members of the delegation: Miodrag Vuković, Vasilije Lalošević, Damir Šehović, Branko Radulović

The delegation met with the members of the Committee on European Integration, Committee on International Relations, and the members of the Interparliamentary Friendship Group of the Parliament of Ukraine and the Parliament of Montenegro.

XI Cetinje Parliamentary Forum

8 November, Budva, Montenegro

Members of the delegation: members of the Security and Defence Committee

The topic – The Parliament's Role in the System of Export and Import of Arms

56th Annual Session of NATO Parliamentary Assembly

12-16 November, Warsaw, Poland

Members of the delegation: Borislav Banović, Đorđe Pinjatić, Vasilije Lalošević

Session of the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe Committee on Political Affairs

18 November, Paris, France

Members of the delegation: Predrag Sekulić

The topic: reconciliation and political dialogue between the countries of former Yugoslavia, the forthcoming reform of the Council of Europe, the situation in Kosovo and the role of CoE, the situation in Belarus and the Middle East

Annual Session of the Parliamentary Assembly of the Central European Initiative

25-28 November, Bečići, Montenegro

Members of the delegation: Željko Šturanović, Miodrag Vuković, Vasilije Lalošević

Topics: cross-border cooperation between CEI countries, cooperation of CEI-PD parliaments with civil sector

Conference “Strengthening of Inter-Religious and Inter-Ethnic Dialogue in Southeast Europe”

24-26 November, Shkodër, Albania

Members of the delegation: Đorđe Pinjatić

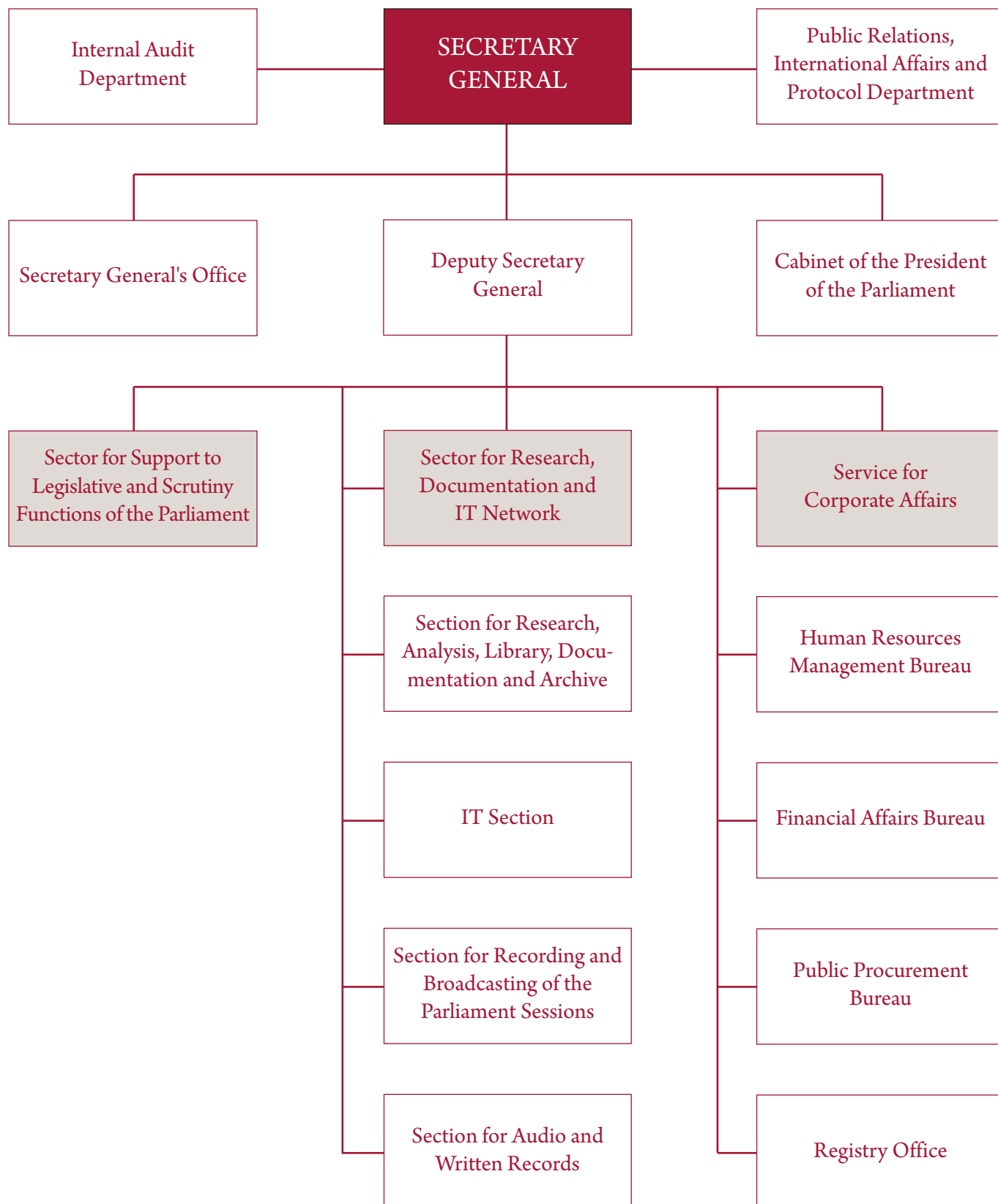
ANNEX III: TABLE - DATA ON THE REQUESTER, DATE AND RESPONSE TO FREE ACCESS TO INFORMATION REQUEST

NO.	REQUESTER	DATE OF THE SUBMISSION	DATE OF THE RESPONSE	NO.	RESPONSE
1.	MANS	15.01.	19.01.	1	Denied ⁷
2.	MANS	19.01.	27.01.	1	Notification
3.	MANS	02.02.	05.02.	6	Allowed
4.	MANS	02.02.	05.02.	6	Allowed
5.	MANS	02.02.	05.02.	8	Allowed
6.	DAN	03.02.	10.02.	1	Denied
7.	MANS	05.02.	08.02.	5	Conclusion
8.	MANS	05.02.	09.02.	4	Denied
9.	MANS	05.02.	08.02.	6	Allowed
10.	MANS	05.02.	09.02.	8	Denied
11.	MANS	05.02.	11.02.	9	Allowed
12.	MANS	05.02.	11.02.	6	Allowed
13.	MANS	08.02.	11.02.	1	Denied
14.	MANS	15.02. 05.03.	15.03.	1	Allowed
15.	MANS	16.02.	16.02.	1	Notification
16.	MANS	19.02.	23.02.	2	Allowed
17.	MANS	03.03. 19.03.	25.03.	1	Denied
18.	MANS	03.03. 19.03.	25.03.	1	Denied
19.	MANS	03.03. 19.03.	25.03.	1	Denied
20.	European Movement	15.04.	23.04.	9	Allowed
21.	MANS	28.04.	06.05.	1	Denied
22.	MANS	30.04.	07.05.	3	Allowed
23.	Natural person	30.04.	04.05.	1	Allowed
24.	MANS	11.05.	12.05.	2	Allowed
25.	MANS	11.05.	19.05.	1	Allowed
26.	MANS	11.05.	19.05.	1	Allowed
27.	MANS	11.05.	19.05.	26	Allowed
28.	MANS	11.05.	19.05.	9	Allowed
29.	MANS	14.05.	01.06.	14	Allowed
30.	MANS	17.05.	01.06.	22	Allowed
31.	MANS	17.05.	01.06.	9	Allowed
32.	MANS	17.05.	18.05.	1	Notification
33.	MANS	17.05.	18.05.	1	Notification
34.	MANS	17.05.	14.06.	1	Notification
35.	MANS	17.05.	17.05.	1	Notification
36.	MANS	19.05.	20.05.	1	Allowed
37.	Institute Alternativa	28.05.	01.06.	1	Denied
38.	MANS	09.06.	15.06.	1	Denied
39.	Institute Alternativa	05.07.	12.07.	2	Allowed
40.	First Bank of Montenegro	19.07.	30.07.	1	Allowed
41.	Education Center CUO	22.07.	23.07.	1	Notification
42.	Institute Alternativa	23.07.	26.07.	1	Denied
43.	MANS	23.07.	30.07.	1	Allowed
44.	MANS	30.07.	14.09.	5	Conclusion
45.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	9	Allowed
46.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	1	Allowed
47.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	5	Allowed
48.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	3	Allowed

⁷ During 2010, the Parliament of Montenegro responded to every request, while having denied 23 requests for the free access to information pursuant to the Law in the following cases: 1) if the access to information was restricted by the Article 9 of the Law on Free Access to Information or 2) if the requested information was not in the possession of the Parliament of Montenegro.



NUMBER	REQUESTER	DATE OF THE SUBMISSION	DATE OF THE RESPONSE OR A	NUMBER OF ITEMS	RESPONSE
49.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	5	Allowed
50.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	5	Allowed
51.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	8	Allowed
52.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	3	Allowed
53.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	2	Allowed
54.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	2	Allowed
55.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	1	Allowed
56.	MANS	30.08.	14.09.	1	Allowed
57.	Monitor	30.08.	03.09.	2	Allowed
58.	Serbian National Council	07.09.	14.09.	3	Allowed
59.	MANS	10.09.	16.09.	29	Allowed
60.	MANS	10.09.	16.09.	26	Allowed
61.	MANS	13.09.	16.09.	6	Allowed
62.	MANS	14.09.	16.09.	2	Allowed
63.	MANS	14.09.	16.09.	2	Allowed
64.	MANS	14.09.	16.09.	2	Allowed
65.	MANS	14.09.	16.09.	2	Allowed
66.	MANS	14.09.	16.09.	1	Allowed
67.	MANS	14.09.	16.09.	2	Allowed
68.	MANS	14.09.	16.09.	2	Allowed
69.	MANS	14.09.	16.09.	2	Allowed
70.	MANS	22.09. 11.10.	30.09.	16	Allowed (part of the access denied)
71.	Institute Alternativa	28.09.	30.09.	2	Allowed
72.	MANS	29.09.	-	2	Notification
73.	MANS	30.09. 19.10.	08.10. 22.10.	1	Incomplete request Conclusion
74.	MANS	30.09.	08.10.	1	Denied
75.	MANS	30.09.	08.10.	1	Denied
76.	MANS	30.09.	19.10.	3	Conclusion
77.	MANS	01.10.	01.10.	1	Notification
78.	News Papers „Pobjeda“	04.10.	08.10.	1	Allowed
79.	MANS	05.10.	11.10.	2	Denied
80.	MANS	05.10.	11.10.	1	Denied
81.	MANS	05.10.	11.10.	1	Denied
82.	MANS	05.10.	11.10.	2	Denied
83.	MANS	15.10.	19.10.	1	Denied
84.	Institute Alternativa	13.10.	19.10.	1	Denied
85.	MANS	28.10.	28.10.	1	Denied
86.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	5	Allowed
87.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	1	Allowed
88.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	3	Allowed
89.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	5	Allowed
90.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	5	Allowed
91.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	2	Allowed
92.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	3	Allowed
93.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	8	Allowed
94.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	2	Allowed
95.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	1	Allowed
96.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	1	Allowed
97.	MANS	10.11.	18.11.	9	Allowed
98.	News Papers „Vijesti“	19.11.	22.11.	5	Allowed (part of the access denied)
99.	Institute Alternativa	22.11.	02.12.	1	Denied
100.	Institute Alternativa	30.11.	13.12.	1	Allowed
101.	MANS	08.12.	14.12.	6	Denied
102.	News Papers „Vijesti“	10.12.	17.12.	11	Allowed
103.	MANS	22.12.	24.12.	5	Allowed
104.	MANS	22.12.	24.12.	5	Allowed

ANNEX IV: PARLIAMENARY SERVICE ORGANIZATION CHART



ANNEX V: CHRONOLOGICAL REVIEW OF CONDUCTED TRAININGS AND SPECIALISATION

Trainings of the Human Resources Directorate

NO.	DATE	TOPIC	NO. OF ATTENDANTS
1	17 May 2010	Civil Servants and Employees Code of Ethics	8
2	9 July 2010	Business Correspondence	3
3	18 June 2010	Legal Protection of Minorities and other Minority Ethnic Communities	3
4	24 -25 May 2010	European Union	2
5	14 May 2010	Inspection Control	3
6	28 May 2010	Documents Development Procedure on Internal Organization and Job Description	1
7	7 June 2010	Open Public Procurement Procedure	1
8	16 June 2010	Restricted Public Procurement Procedure and Public Procurement Procedure by Applying the Framework Agreement	1
9	22-23 June 2010	Negotiating and Negotiating Skills	5
10	1-2 June 2010	EU Institutions and Decision-making in EU	6
11	31 May 2010	The System of Public Finance and the State Budget	2
12	21 June 2010	Financial Accounting Work	4
13	12 July 2010	Public Funds Audit in Montenegro	4
14	13-14 and 17 May 2010	International Security of Montenegro - UN, NATO, EU and OSCE	1
15	24-25 June 2010	Public Relations	1
16	3 June 2010	Administrative Dispute	2
17	21-22 June 2010	Risk Management	1
18	8 July 2010	Economic and Social Profile of the EU Member States	3
19	4-5 October 2010	Fight against Corruption	5
20	4 and 8 October 2010	Training for the Professional Exam for Work in State Organs	3
21	12 October 2010	Application of the Law on Protection of Personal Data	2
22	14 October 2010	Office Management	1
23	15 October 2010	The Budget System in Montenegro	2
24	15 October 2010	Financial Management	1
25	18 October 2010	Strategic Planning of the Work in State Organs	2
26	21-22 October 2010	National Security System of Montenegro	1
27	22 October 2010	Legal Protection of Minorities and other Minority Ethnic Communities	1
28	28 October 2010	European Social Model	1
29	21 October 2010	Application of the Law on Secrecy	2
30	1 and 5 November 2010	Training for the Professional Exam for Work in State Organs	1
31	1-2 November 2010	Time and Stress Management at Work	4
32	5 November 2010	Employment Policy in State Organs	1
33	8-9 November 2010	International Security of Montenegro - UN, NATO, EU and OSCE	1
34	12 November 2010	Presentation Skills	5
35	18 November 2010	Access to EU WEB Data Bases	7
36	11 November 2010	Public Procurement System, with Special Attention to Special Procedures	1
37	22-23 November 2010	National Security System of Montenegro	1
38	24 November 2010	Organizational Units Management	4
39	26 November 2010	Civil Servants and Employees Code of Ethics	1
40	1-2 December 2010	Information Security Basis	1
41	2-3 December 2010	Communication Skills with Clients	2
42	6 December 2010	Business Correspondence	2
43	8 December 2010	Entering into International Agreements	2
44	10 December 2010	IT Data Protection	1
45	14 December 2010	Integrity Development	2

**Additional Trainings of the Human Resources Directorate (HRD) of Montenegro for 2010**

RB	DATE	TOPIC	NUMBER OF ATTENDANTS
1	28 May 2010	Public Sector Internal Financial Control	1
2	24 May 2010	Office Management	17
3	4 June 2010	European Convention on Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms	1
4	10 May – 09 June 2010	Computer Literacy – (Word, Excel, Powerpoint)	1
5	2 September 2010	Medium-term Framework and Budget Circular 2010	1

Other trainings

RB	DATE	TOPIC	ORGANIZER	VENUE	NUMBER OF ATTENDANTS
1	31 March 2010	Legal and Technical Rules for Drafting the Guidelines for the Harmonization of Legislation of Montenegro with the EU legislation	HRD and The Secretariat for Legislation	Podgorica	10
2	11-12 June 2010	The Role of Secretaries and Staff in Parliamentary Committees	OSCE	Bečići	35
3	15-20 February 2010	Study Visit to the Research Sectors of Parliaments of Slovakia and the Czech Republic	NDI	Bratislava and Prague	3
4	10 May 2010	Competencies and Functioning of the Parliament and the Role of the Parliamentary Service	OSCE	Podgorica	15
5	26-27 January 2010	Programme Budget	GTZ	Budva	1
6	23-24 March 2010	Budgetary Power of the Parliament	European Parliament	Brussels, Belgium	1
7	1-5 February 2010	Study Visit to the Parliament of Croatia	OSCE	Zagreb, Croatia	3
8	28 May 2010	Research Methods and Techniques	OSCE	Podgorica	31
9	12-14 April 2010	School of Gender Studies	UNDP	Podgorica	2
10	17 March 2010	Improving Women's Economic and Social Rights in Serbia and Montenegro	UNIFEM	Belgrade, Serbia	1
11	05 May 2010	Expert Round Table – MAP	The Embassy of the People's Republic of Hungary in Montenegro and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Montenegro	MFA, Podgorica	3
12	12 March 2010	Round Table on "The principle of Integrity"	Department for Anticorruption Initiative	Podgorica	2
13	27 April 2010	Simposium on "Women and Security"	Ministry of Foreign Affairs and European Integration of the Republic of Croatia	Zagreb, Croatia	1
14	22 April 2010	Round Table on "The Parliament's Role in the Privatization Process"	NGO Network for Affirmation of NGO Sector	Podgorica	2
15	28–29 May 2010	The Services of the Parliamentary Library and Archives to External Users	European Centre for Parliamentary Research and Documentation, ECPRD	Athens, Greece	1
16	28 February 2010	Expert Presentations on the Use and Importance of EBSCO Databases for the Access and Search of Academic Journals	EBSCO Publishing Company for Southeast Europe	Podgorica	28
17	14–15 June 2010	Diplomatic Protocol and Ethics	Ministry of Foreign Affairs	Podgorica	3



RB	DATE	TOPIC	ORGANIZER	VENUE	NUMBER OF ATTENDANTS
18	10–11 June 2010	Harmonization of the National Legislation with the Acquis Communautaire of the European Union; filling out of the Compliance Tables	Ministry for European Integration	Podgorica	5
19	18-19 June 2010	Parliament fro Europe 2010	NGO European Movement Montenegro Friedrich Ebert Stiftung	Podgorica	16
20	21-22 June 2010	“Negotiating in the International Context” International Negotiation	Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Montenegro	Podgorica	1
21	22 April 2010	Budgetary Accounting - Application of Legislation and Reporting	Institute of Certified Accountants of Montenegro	Podgorica	1
22	21-22 June 2010	Budgetary Powers of the Parliament and Oversight of the Budget	Regional Secretariat for the Southeast Europe	Brussels	4
23	7 July 2010	Legal and Technical Rules for Drafting the Guidelines for the Harmonization of Legislation of Montenegro with the EU Acquis Communautaire	Twinning Project “Legal Harmonization”	Podgorica	23
24	9–11 July 2010	Internal Communication and Team Work	NDI	Miločer	18
25	10-11 July 2010	Legal Harmonization	Legal Harmonization	The Parliament of Montenegro	25
26	29 June – 2 July 2010	Security Sector Reform	MFA of the Swiss Confederation	Geneva, Berne	2
27	16-17 September 2010	Experience of the Republic of Slovenia in the EU Accession Process	Government Office for Development and European Affairs	The Parliament of Montenegro	35
28	5 moduls: 9, 10, 16, 17 and 24 September 2010	Further Development and Strengthening of the Public Procurement System in Montenegro	EU Delegation, The Public Procurement Directorate and the Commission for the Control of Public Procurement	Budva	1
29	29 October 2010	Sources of EU Law and the Basis of Harmonization with EU Legislation	European Movement in Montenegro	Crna Gora Hotel	20
30	1-2 November 2010 – 1st modul	Training of the Trainers – ToT	Sigma + ReSPA + HRA of Montenegro	Danilovgrad	1
31	6 November 2010	Human Resourses Management	DR Gilbert Center	Belgrade, Serbia	2
32	12 November 2010	Harmonization with EU Legislation - Experience of Croatia and the Slovak Republic	European Movement in Montenegro	Crna Gora Hotel	35
33	27-28 November 2010	Internal Communication and Team Work	NDI	Hotel Queen of Montenegro – Bečići	19
34	25-26 October 2010	The Reform of Public Administration and Justice	Regional Secretariat for the parliamentary Cooperation in SEE	Brussels – Belgium	2
35	11 November 2010	Montenegro - Support to Budget Control	Westminster Foundation for Democracy	The Parliament of Montenegro	14
36	13, 14, 15, December 2010	Training of the Trainers – ToT Modul 2	Sigma + ReSPA + HRA of Montenegro	Danilovgrad	1

**ANNEX VI: REPORT ON SPENT FUNDS**

		LAW ON THE BUDGET FOR 2010	CURRENT BUDGET FOR 2010	SPENT IN 2010	% SPENT	INEXPENCE
20101	The Parliament of Montenegro	5,102,180.78	4,944,331.21	4,866,707.86	95.38%	76,488.71
2941	Programme: Improvement of the Legislative Infrastructure	3,078,452.96	2,984,618.76	2,944,937.40	95.66%	39,664.68
4111	Net wages	1,280,270.17	1,129,437.89	1,129,020.51	88.19%	417.38
4112	Income tax	171,976.59	154,470.07	154,385.32	89.77%	84.75
4113	Employee contributions	458,604.24	411,032.64	411,032.64	89.63%	0.00
4114	Employer contributions	191,085.10	175,648.55	175,648.35	91.92%	0.20
4115	Municipial dues	25,796.49	23,168.32	23,156.43	89.77%	11.89
4121	Luncheon bonus	30,250.00	14,016.17	13,999.56	46.28%	0.00
4122	Vacation bonus	17,325.00	6,301.27	6,301.27	36.37%	0.00
4128	Remunerations to MPs	240,000.00	230,716.66	230,716.66	96.13%	0.00
4132	Business trips expenses	362,177.42	550,677.42	550,141.95	151.90%	535.45
4133	Expense account	48,387.30	48,387.30	45,581.97	94.20%	2,805.33
4134	Energy supply expenses	35,000.00	26,500.00	26,500.00	75.71%	0.00
4135	Telephone charges	90,000.00	71,000.00	62,671.04	69.63%	8,328.96
4139	Contracted services expenses	84,398.83	104,398.83	104,014.97	123.24%	383.86
4415	Equipment expenses	43,181.82	38,863.64	11,766.73	27.25%	27,096.86
2951	Programme: Administration	2,023,727.82	1,959,712.45	1,921,770.46	94.96%	36,824.03
4111	Net wages	533,509.54	491,104.62	489,092.90	91.67%	2,011.71
4112	Income tax	71,665.46	59,299.90	59,295.35	82.74%	4.55
4113	Employee contributions	191,107.89	158,128.32	158,128.32	82.74%	0.00
4114	Employer contributions	79,628.29	67,209.84	67,209.83	84.40%	0.01
4115	Municipial dues	10,749.82	8,894.40	8,893.57	82.73%	0.83
4121	Luncheon bonus	31,460.00	16,184.63	16,184.63	51.45%	0.00
4122	Vacation bonus	18,018.00	10,502.21	10,502.21	58.29%	0.00
4129	Other allowances and assistance	25,000.00	3,046.59	3,046.56	12.19%	0.00
4131	Materials expenses	220,000.87	187,770.70	177,176.21	80.53%	10,594.48
4132	Business trips expenses	54,435.48	48,991.98	48,991.98	90.00%	0.00
4133	Expense account	12,096.77	12,096.77	12,095.77	99.99%	1.00
4134	Energy supply expenses	12,096.77	10,896.77	9,778.87	80.84%	1,118.00
4135	Telephone charges	110,000.00	89,000.00	86,216.97	78.38%	2,783.03
4136	Postage expenses	14,516.12	18,516.12	18,498.30	127.43%	17.82
4137	Banking services and commission fees	3,024.19	2,024.19	1,983.74	65.60%	40.45
4139	Contracted services expenses	447,782.26	537,782.26	537,370.62	120.01%	411.64
4142	Current maintenance of buildings	25,000.00	22,500.00	12,357.22	49.43%	10,142.78
4143	Current maintenance of equipment	20,000.00	22,500.00	22,074.36	110.37%	425.64
4161	Rent for buildings	60,000.00	53,937.75	53,937.75	89.90%	0.00
4313	Transfers to individuals	15,000.00	76,830.00	76,830.00	512.20%	0.00
4415	Equipment expenses	55,000.00	50,159.04	50,159.03	91.20%	0.01
4416	Investment maintenance expenses	13,636.36	12,336.36	1,946.27	14.27%	10,390.08